



MORE IMPACT FOR LESS IMPACT

We



Rewatch the webinar :

<https://thinkvia.be/en/more-impact-for-less-impact/>



Agenda

11:00-11:05

1. **Welcome** – Thibaud De Meester

11:05-11:10

2. **Setting the scene** - Wim Vermeulen

11:10-11:40

3. **The Demand Shift and strategies for shifting consumer demand** -
Prof. Charlie Wilson and Dr. Sam Hampton

11:40-12:05

4. **How advertising can drive sustainable demand** – Veerle Hellemans

12:05-12:15

5. **Conclusions**

Thibaud De Meester and Wim Vermeulen



2.

Setting the scene



Wim Vermeulen
Director Strategy &
Sustainability
Bubka



The climate crisis business perspective



Regulation

Compliance

Legal risk

Value chain
disruption

Nobody
to sell to





The **positive** business perspective

1.

The consumer is ready for the demand shift

2.

The demand shift brings short term and long term value

3.

Your credibility is your key to the short- and long-term value effect of the demand shift



Huh?

1.

The consumer is ready for the demand shift

Why do I hear they are not?

2.

The demand shift brings short term and long term value

Sustainability is a cost not a revenue stream

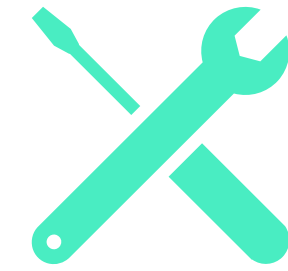
3.

Your credibility is your key to the short- and long-term value effect of the demand shift

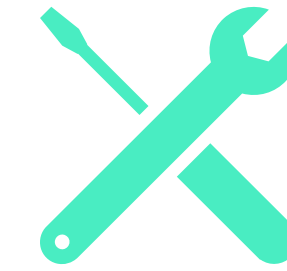
It's not in conventional advertising



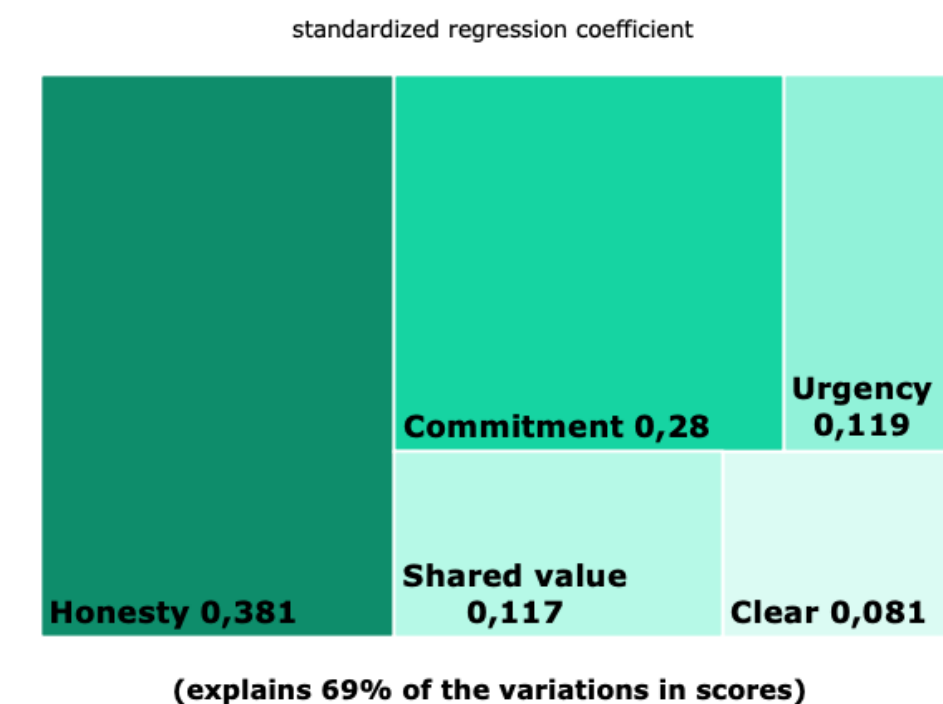
A tool to model consumer demand and revenue stream transitions.



A tool to design the interventions necessary to implement the avoid, shift and improve model.



A model to increase your credibility and drive consumer motivation and brand consideration.



3.

The Demand Shift and strategies for shifting consumer demand



Prof. Charlie Wilson

Professor of Energy and
Climate Change
University of Oxford

Co-Author Chapter 5 IPCC



Dr. Sam Hampton

Senior Researcher
University of Oxford



Reducing our demand for energy & other resources is critical for tackling climate change

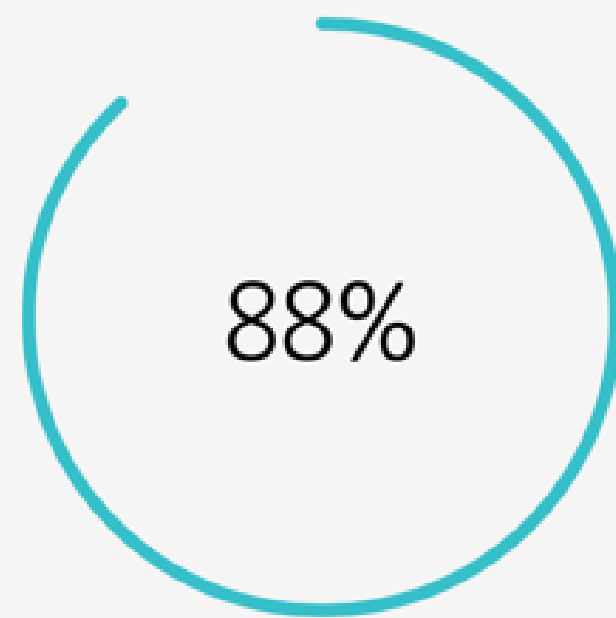
Interventions and strategies – *including marketing & communication*
– that help change how we consume and use resources ...

- 1 ... are ESSENTIAL for tackling climate change
- 2 ... have HUGE POTENTIAL to reduce emissions
- 3 ... are WIDELY SUPPORTED by people around the world
- 4 ... are DOABLE with abundant OPTIONS available
- 5 ... are STRONGLY EVIDENCED by science & practice

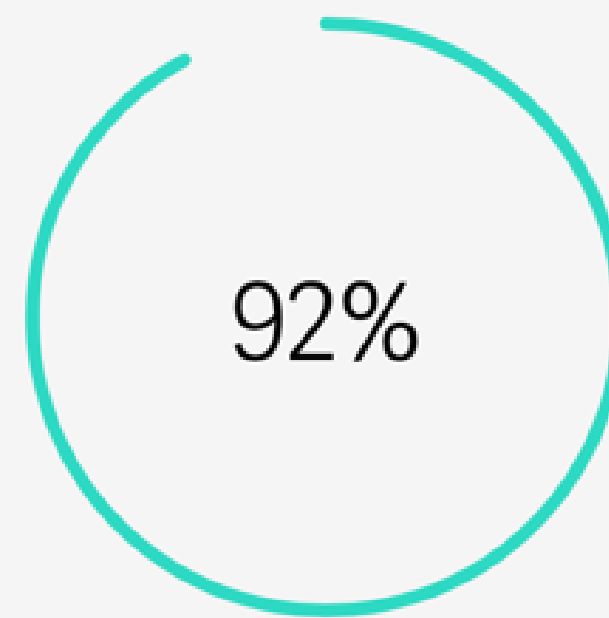
Net-zero pledges (2035-2070) cover most of the world's carbon emissions



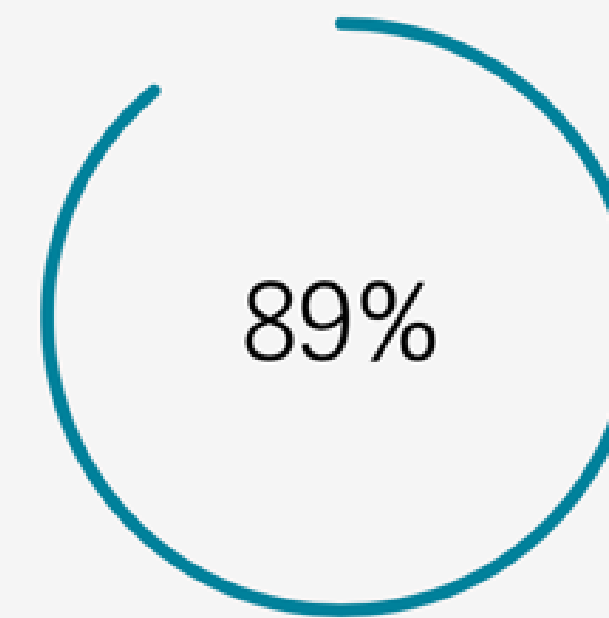
TRACKING GLOBAL NET ZERO COVERAGE



EMISSIONS



GDP (PPP)



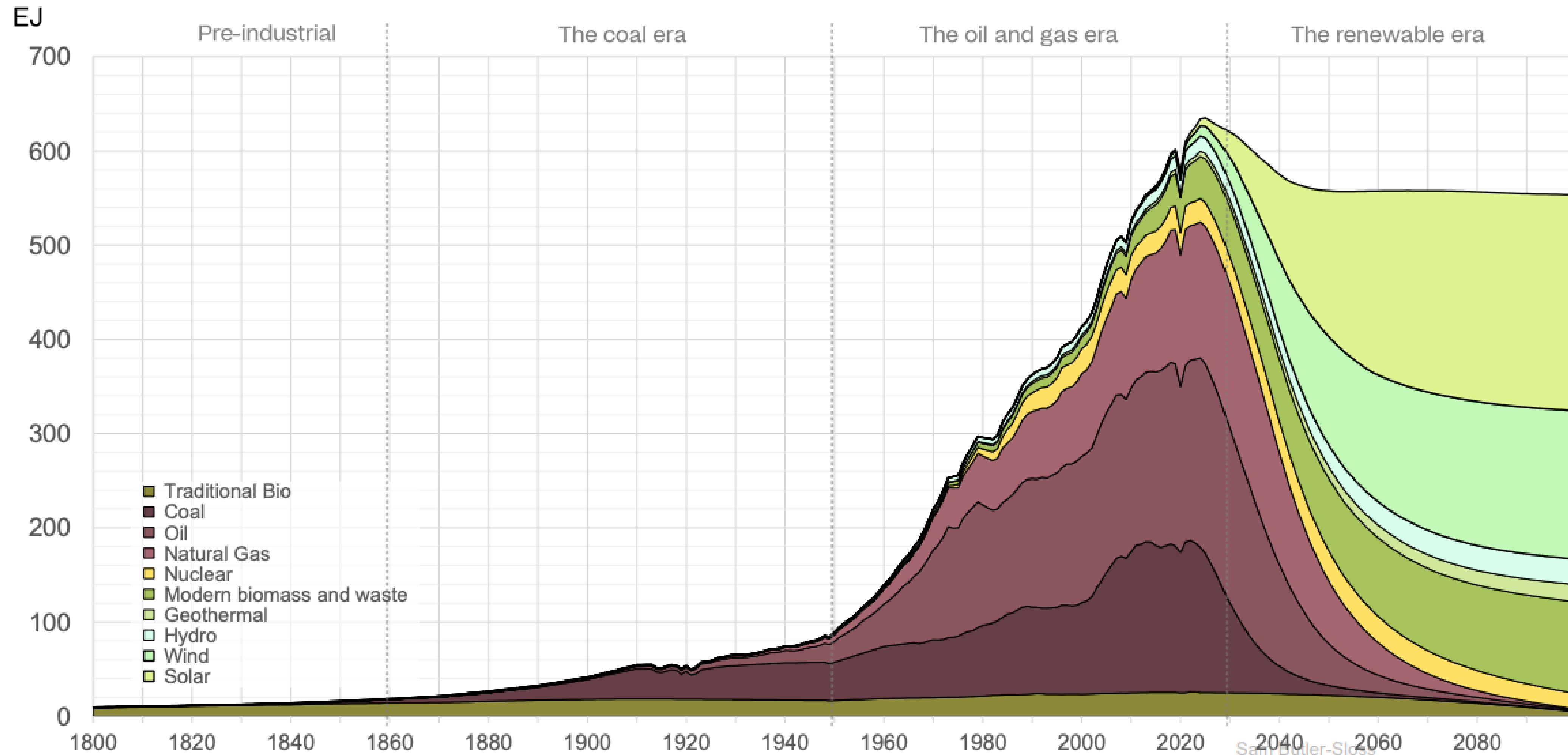
POPULATION

Graph: Countries with net zero targets together represent 88% of global emissions, 92% of global Gross Domestic Product (in PPP terms) and 89% of the global population. Source: Net Zero Tracker



Source: [voicesofyouth.org](https://www.voicesofyouth.org)

'Transitioning away from fossil fuels' (changing the supply) hogs the headlines on how we get to net-zero

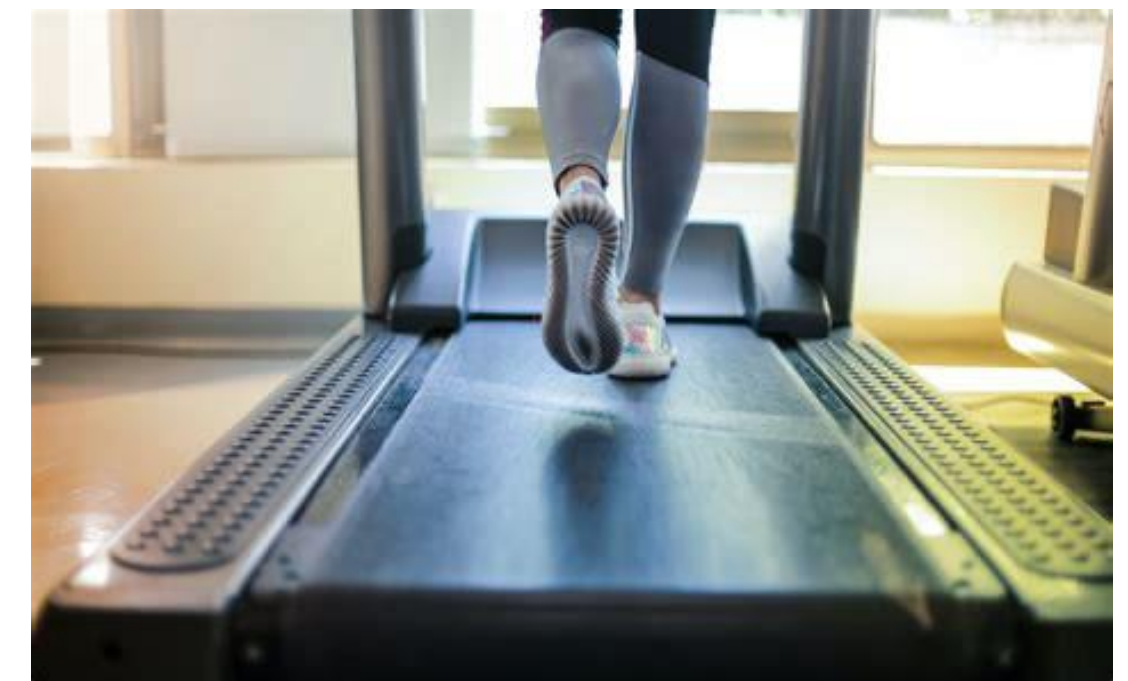
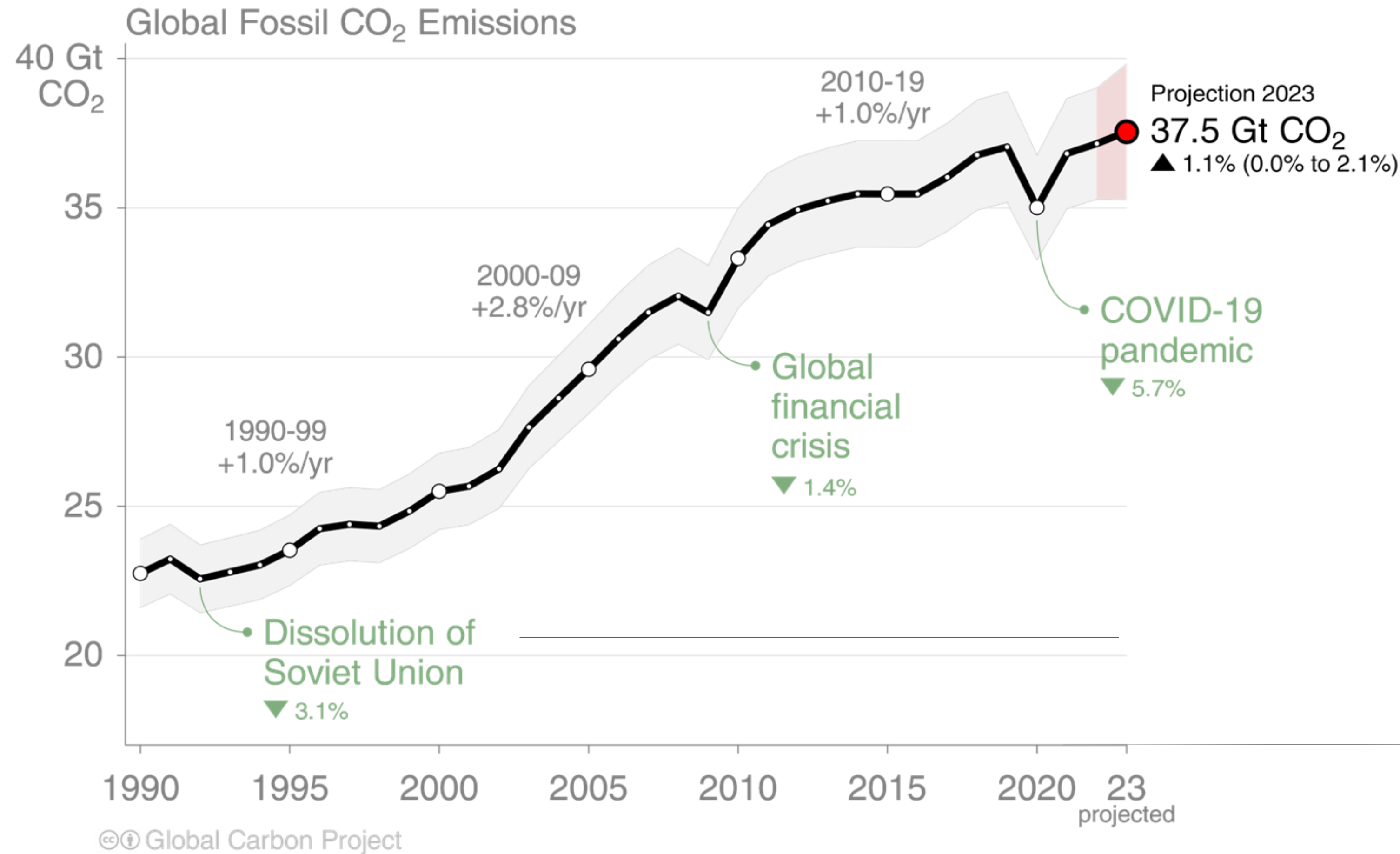


Source: Rystad Energy, Energy Scenario Cube - 1.6 DG. (With thanks to Kingsmill Bond, Rocky Mountain Institute).

But despite growth in renewables, carbon emissions are still going UP

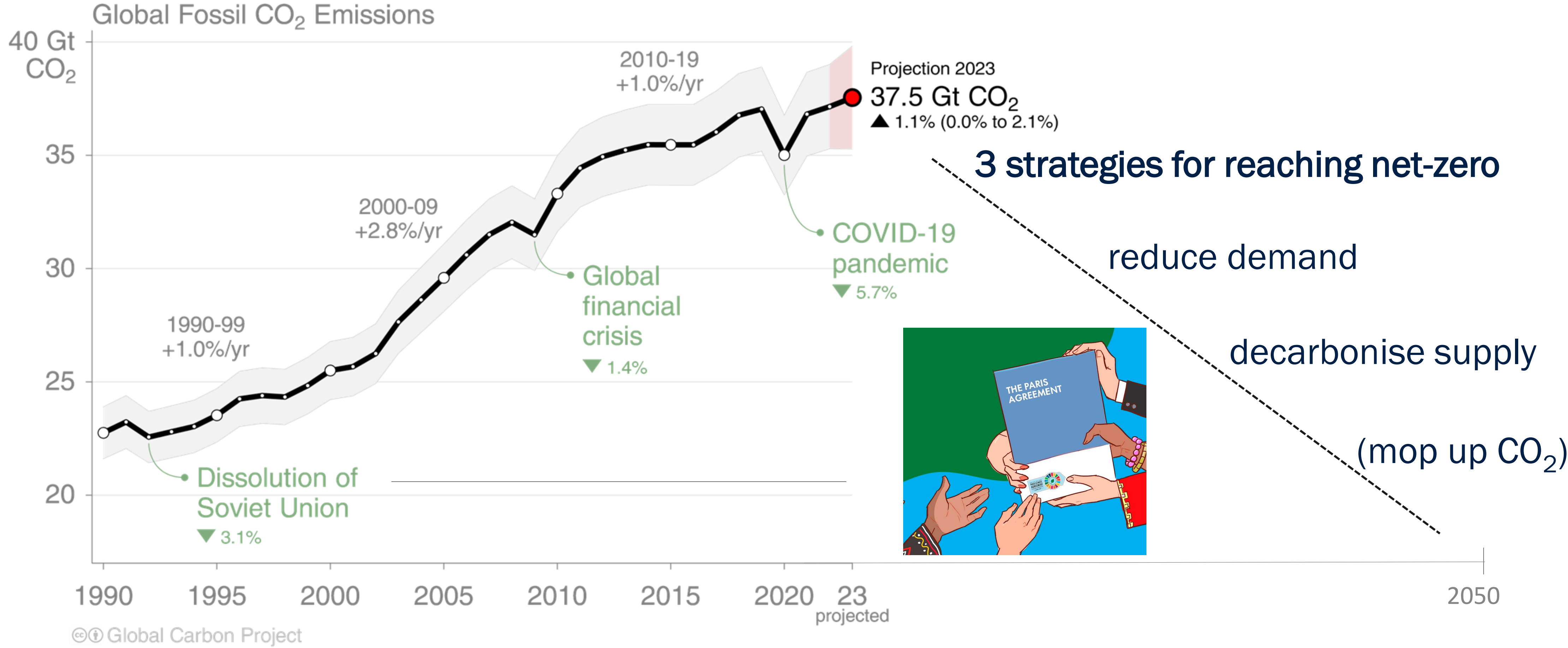
why?

demand for energy continues to grow so we're running to stand still

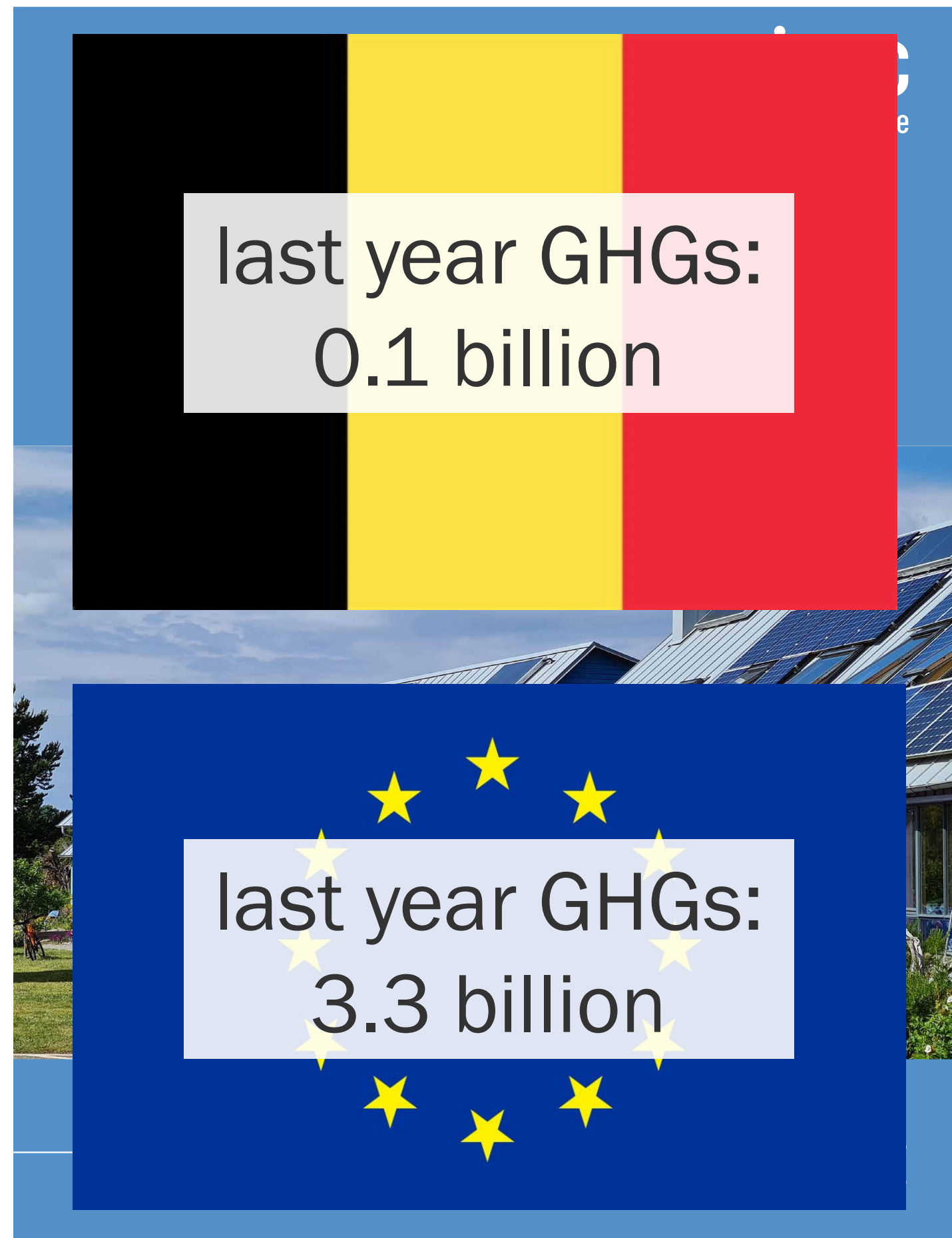


2050 net zero

Changing how we consume and use resources is ESSENTIAL for tackling climate change



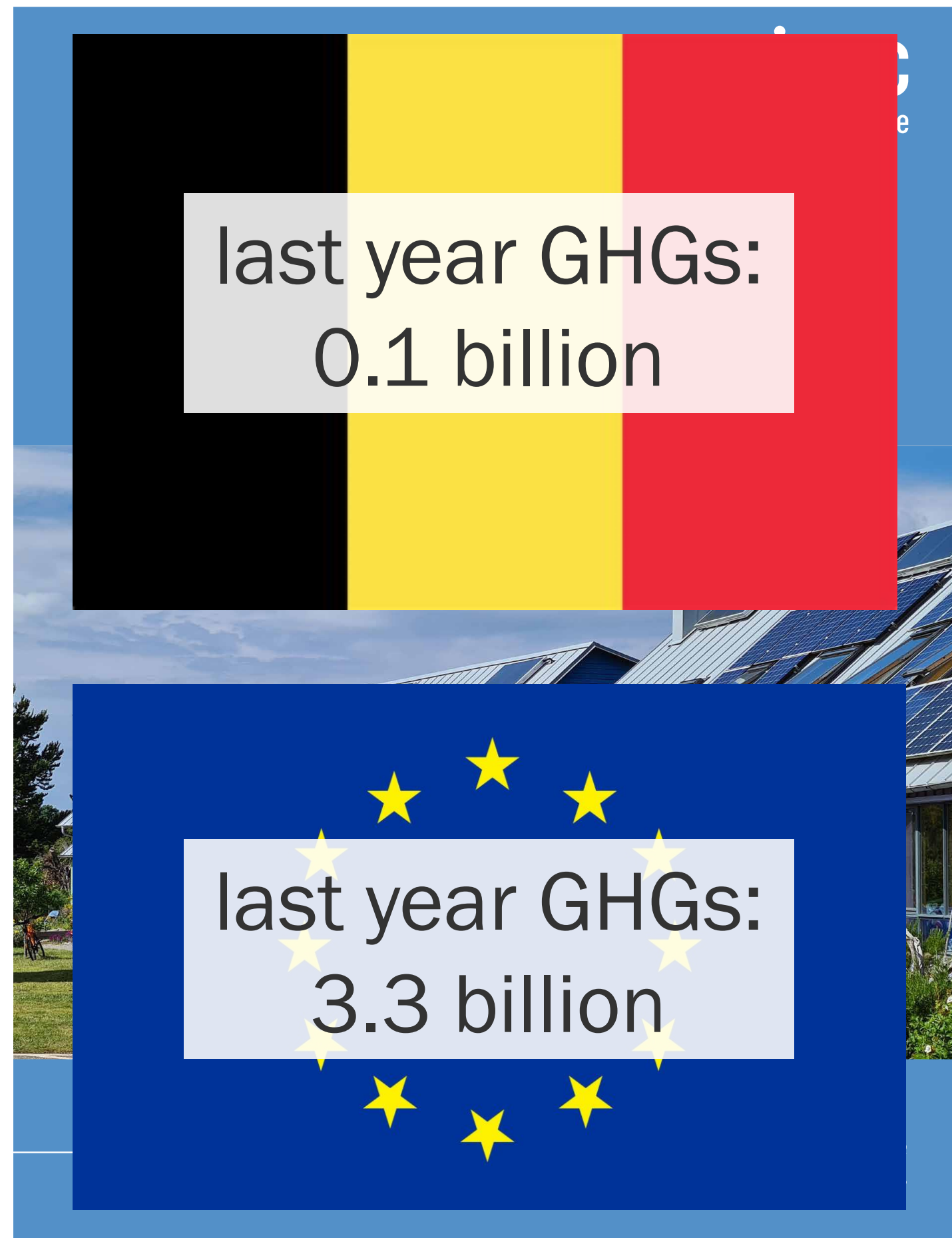
Changing how we consume and use resources has HUGE POTENTIAL to reduce emissions



demand sector	global emissions (tonnes GHGs)	reduction potential
buildings	6.8 billion	up to 78%
transport	5.8 billion	up to 62%
industry	7.3 billion	up to 41%
food & agriculture	6.3 billion	up to 41%
<i>all sectors inc. energy</i>	<i>54 billion</i>	

Creutzig et al. (2021). Demand-side solutions to climate change mitigation consistent with high levels of well-being. *Nature Climate Change*.

Changing how we consume and use resources has **HUGE POTENTIAL** to reduce emissions



- demand sector
- buildings
- transport
- industry
- food & agriculture



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- up to 41%

all sectors inc. energy ***54 billion***

Creutzig et al. (2021). Demand-side solutions to climate change mitigation consistent with high levels of well-being. *Nature Climate Change*.

Changing how we consume and use resources is central to EU policy & planning on net-zero



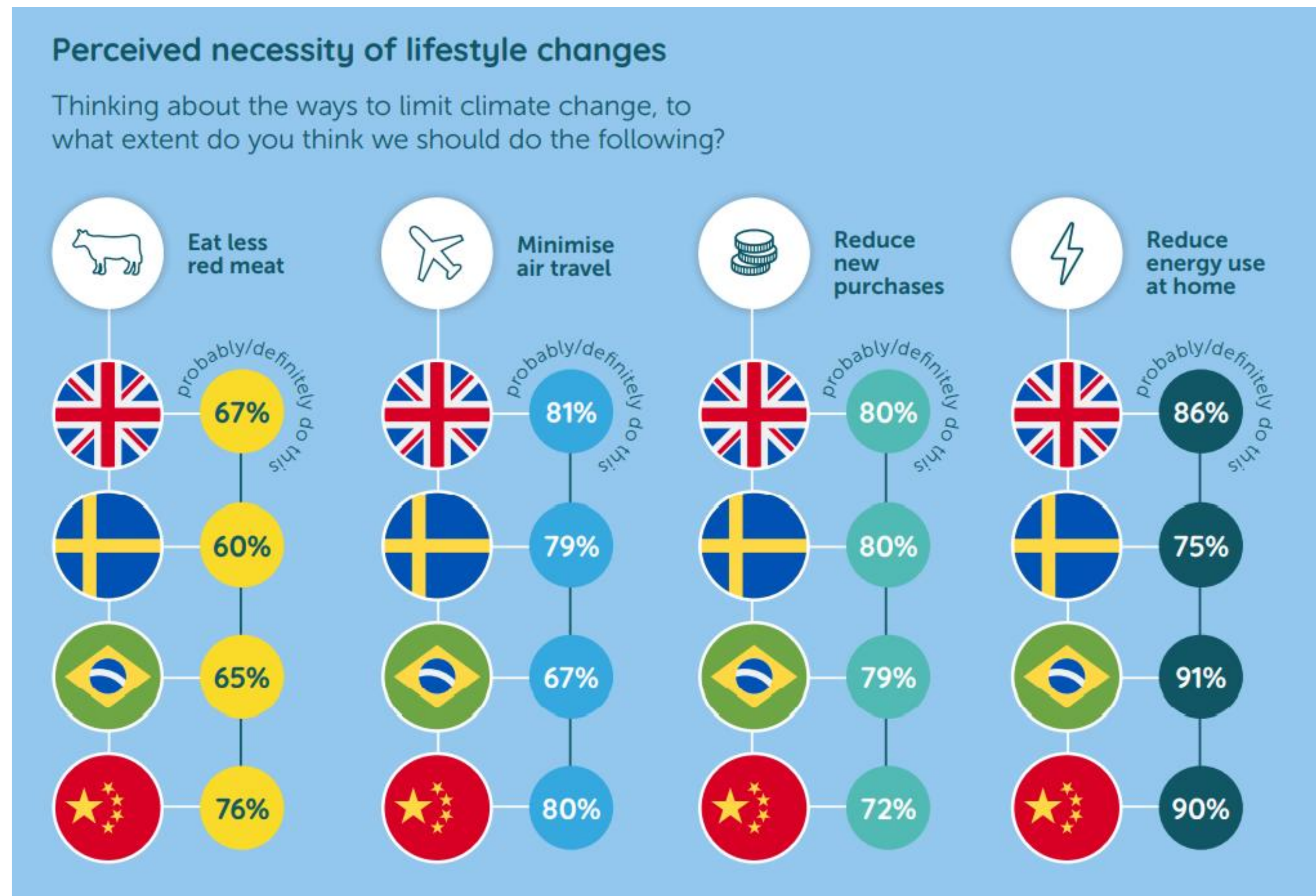
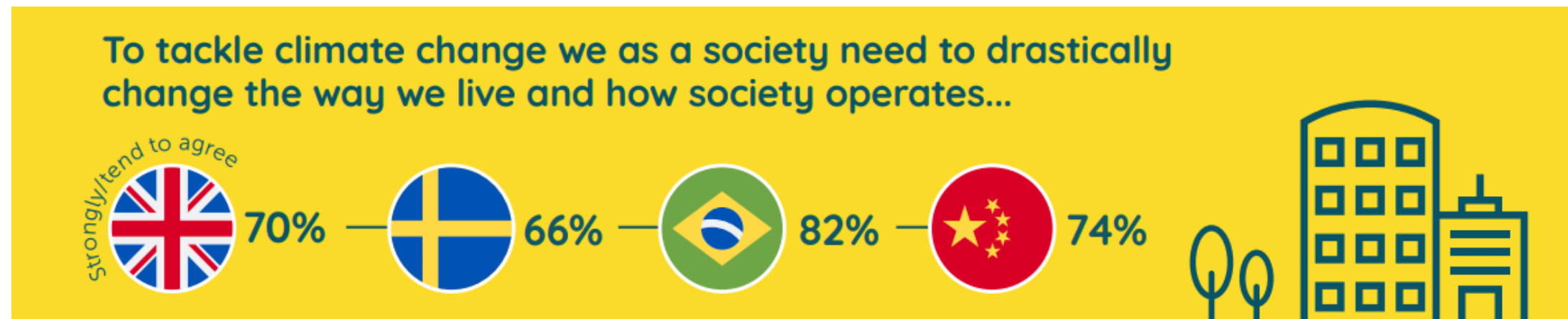
March 2024:

EU target to reduce emissions by at least 90% by 2040

based in part on analysis of sustainable lifestyle changes ...

“ ... in line with possible expected changes in individuals’ daily life and willingness for action in changing consumption patterns”.

Changing how we consume and use resources is WIDELY SUPPORTED



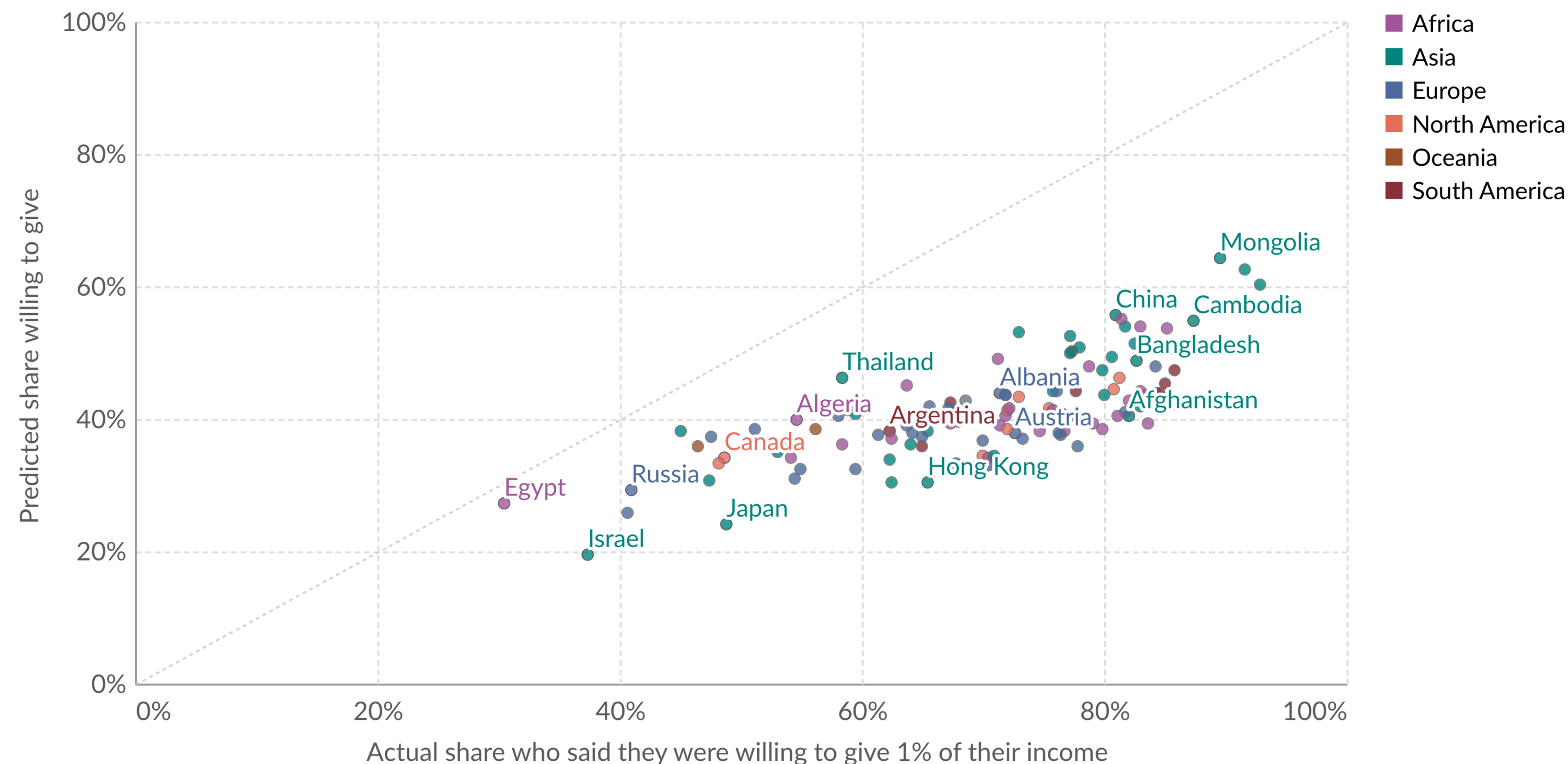
Steentjes, K., Demski, C. & Poortinga, W. (2021). Public perceptions of climate change and policy action in the UK, China, Sweden and Brazil. CAST Briefing Paper 10.

Changing how we consume and use resources is WIDELY SUPPORTED ... but underestimated!

People underestimate others' willingness to take climate action

Participants were asked if they would contribute 1% of their income to tackle climate change. The share that answered "yes" is shown on the horizontal axis. The share of the population in their country that people *think* would be willing is shown on the vertical axis.

Our World
in Data



we are a LARGE majority in favour of climate action

we consistently underestimate the strength of this norm

Data source: Andre et al. (2024). Globally representative evidence on the actual and perceived support for climate action.

Note: Based on representative surveys of almost 130,000 people across 125 countries.

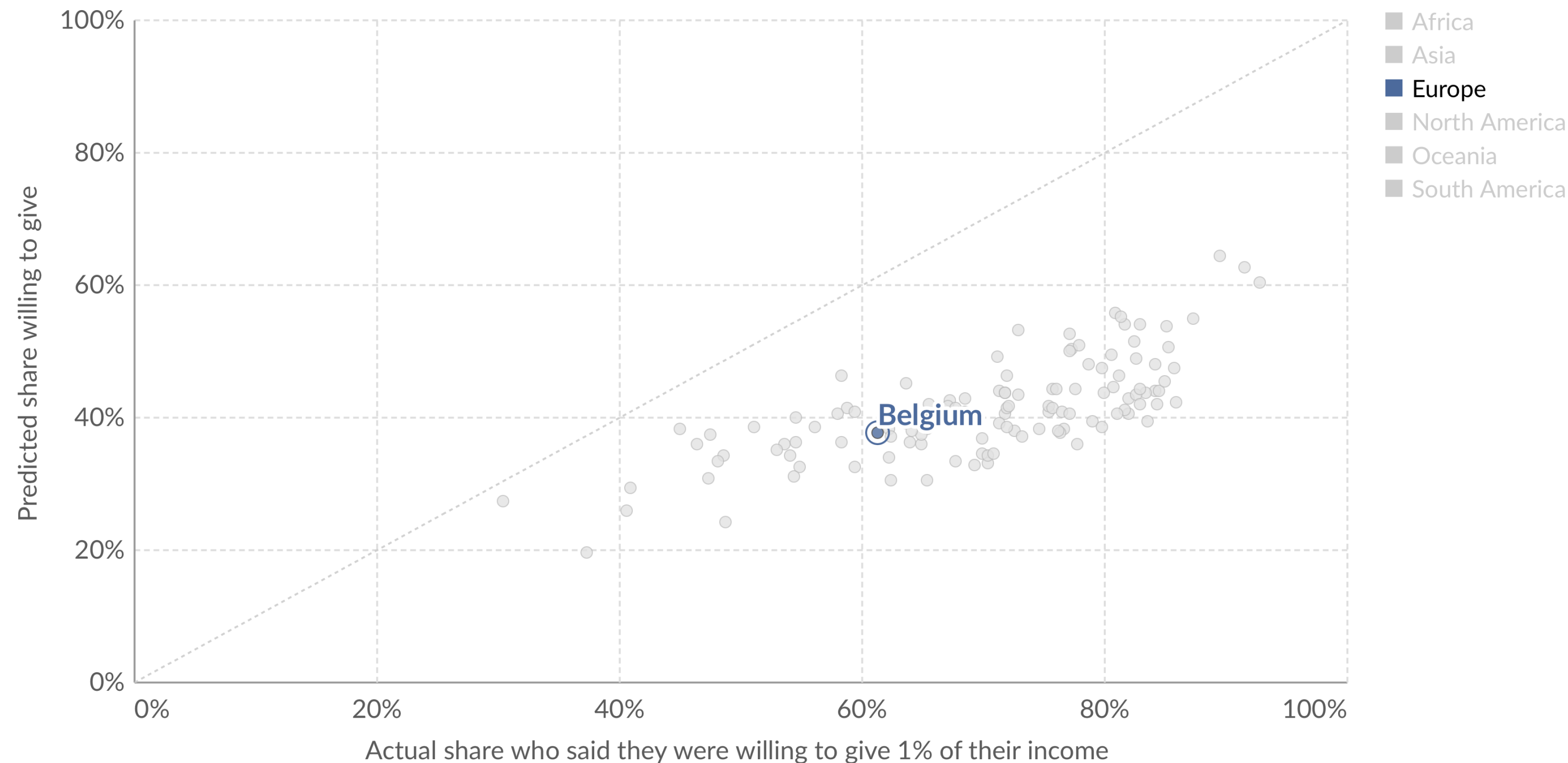
OurWorldInData.org/climate-change | CC BY

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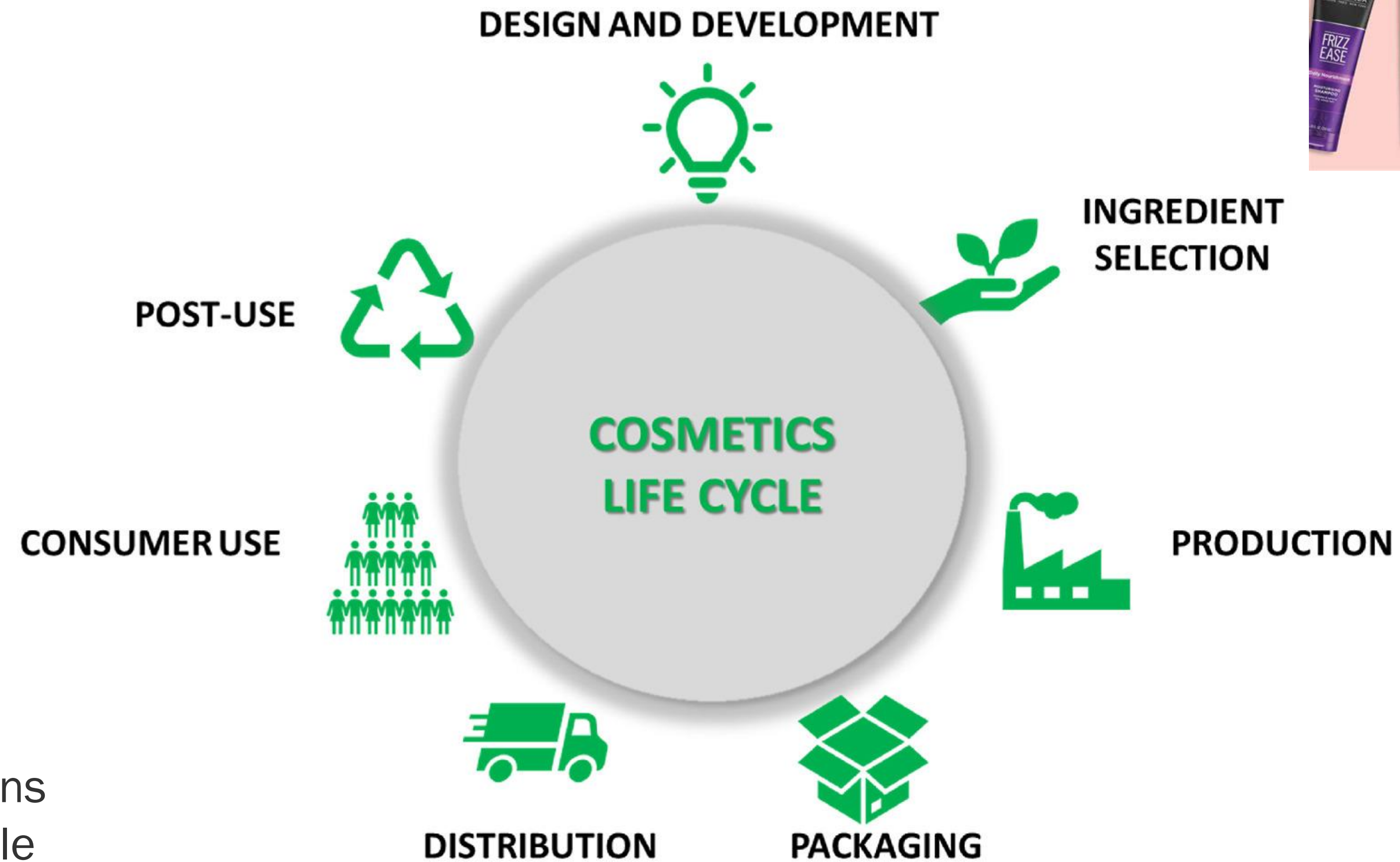
OurWorldInData.org/climate-change | CC BY

Changing how we consume and use resources means businesses need to think well beyond Scope 1+2 emissions

Scope 3 = supply chains including how products are used by consumers



90% of CO₂ emissions over product lifecycle



Scope 1+2 = own operations

Source: Martins, A. M., & Marto, J. M. (2023). *Sustainable Chemistry and Pharmacy*. doi.org/https://doi.org/10.1016/j.scp.2023.101178

Changing how we consume and use resources is DOABLE with abundant OPTIONS available

AVOID

- do less -

fewer high-carbon options

* *change norms, culture* *

SHIFT

- do different -

different types of option

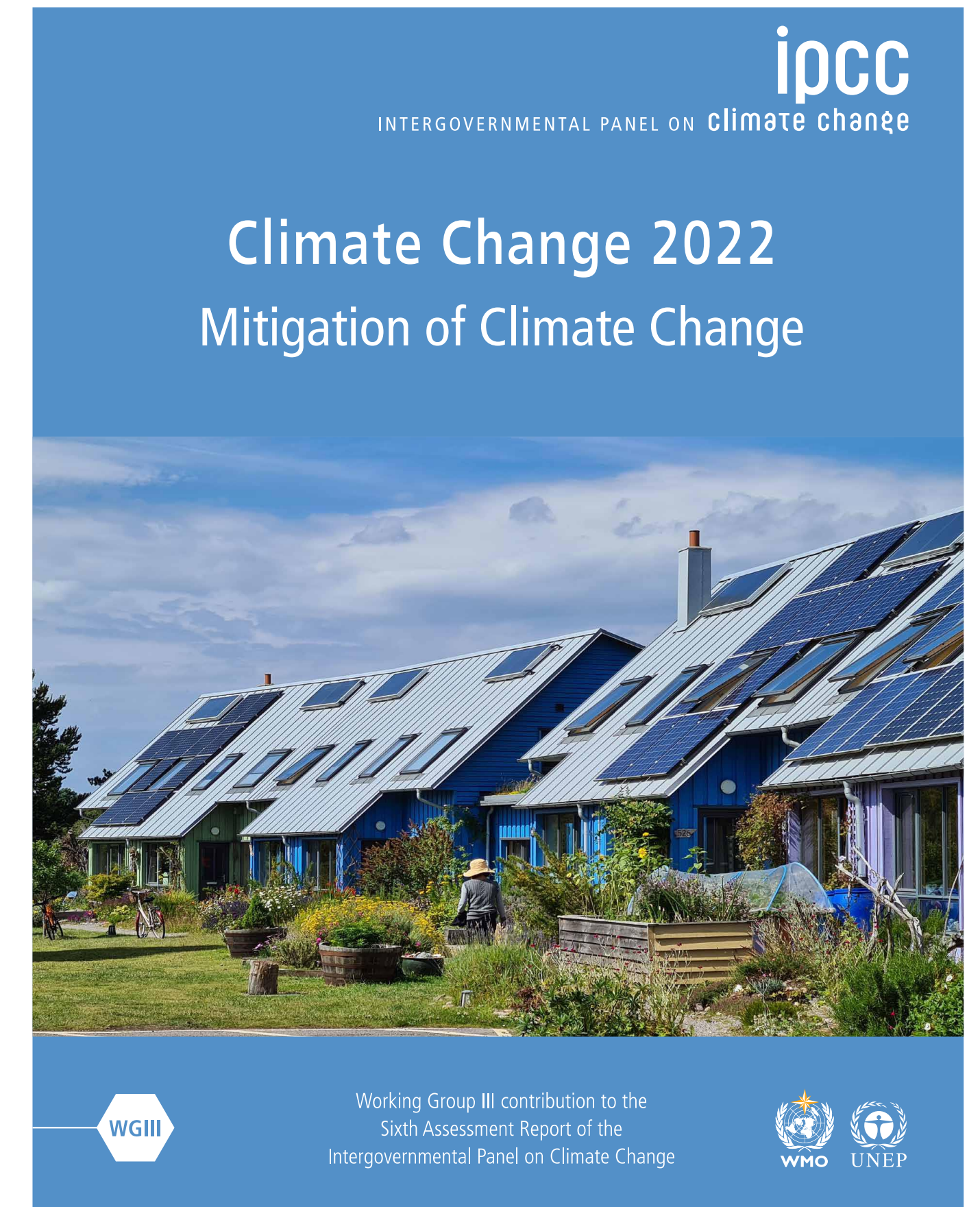
* *change behaviours, defaults* *

IMPROVE

- do better -

more resource efficient options

* *change choice sets* *



Changing how we consume and use resources is DOABLE with abundant OPTIONS available

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IMPROVE

- do better -

more resource efficient options

* *change product choices* *



applies to *activities* (what we do), *products* (what we buy), *services* (what we use)

Many AVOID – SHIFT – IMPROVE options can be supported by marketing & business strategies

AVOID

- do less -

fewer high-carbon options

* *change norms, culture* *

SHIFT

- do different -

different types of option

* *change behaviours, defaults* *

IMPROVE

- do better -

more resource efficient options

* *change product choices* *

higher value

+ lower emission

products & services



ALSO applies to a firm's product portfolio and value proposition to customers

Changing the food we eat: *one quarter* of our personal carbon footprint

AVOID



LESS FOOD WASTE

Reduced household food waste

You produce 80% less food waste – this may be through buying less, better meal planning, cooking with leftovers or distributing left-over food in your community.

TRANSFORMATION RATING

★ ★ ★ ☆



SHIFT



VEGETARIAN DIET

Replacing meat with meat free alternatives


You no longer eat any meat – your diet consists of fruit, grains, vegetables, eggs, milk, cheese etc., as well as a range of meat-free products.

TRANSFORMATION RATING

★ ★ ★ ☆



SHIFT




BALANCED DIET

A healthy, nutritious diet

You follow guidelines for a healthy and varied diet of around 2000 kcal per day – eating less meat, dairy and processed foods also reduces your carbon footprint.

TRANSFORMATION RATING

★ ★ ★ ☆



IMPROVE



LOCAL AND SEASONAL

Seasonal, local, & organic fruit and vegetables delivered

You subscribe to a veg box scheme directly from a farm that delivers seasonal, local, and organic fruit and vegetables to your house.

TRANSFORMATION RATING

★ ☆ ☆ ☆



Demski, C., Cherry, C., Verfurth, C. (2022). The road to net zero: UK public preferences for low-carbon lifestyles. CAST Briefing Paper 14.

Changing the stuff we buy: an important part of our personal carbon footprint

AVOID



BUYING LESS

New products are purchased only when necessary


You choose not to buy new clothes or update your mobile phone as often, and choose either to repair existing products or go without.

TRANSFORMATION RATING

★☆☆☆☆



AVOID




CARBON LABELS

All products have easy to understand carbon labels

When shopping every product/service comes with a carbon label to help you choose products that are low-carbon, durable and reusable.

TRANSFORMATION RATING

★☆☆☆☆



SHIFT



SECOND HAND PRODUCTS

Products are purchased second-hand

You now purchase second hand whenever possible – it is easy to find shops selling repaired and refurbished products.

TRANSFORMATION RATING

★★☆☆☆



SHIFT



PAYING FOR SERVICES

Product ownership remains with producers

Rather than owning items such as kitchen appliances or computing equipment, you lease it (producers are then responsible for repair/disposal).

TRANSFORMATION RATING

★★☆☆☆



SHIFT



SHARING ECONOMY

Products are borrowed or rented

Rather than owning items such as kitchen, DIY or garden equipment, you access these as and when you need from libraries, rental shops or friends.

TRANSFORMATION RATING

★★☆☆☆



IMPROVE



PRODUCT STANDARDS

Product standard laws are implemented

The choice of products available has changed as new design laws require products to be more durable, repairable, recyclable or compostable.

TRANSFORMATION RATING

★★☆☆☆



IMPROVE



LIFETIME GUARANTEES

Businesses are responsible for the products they sell

You are provided with lifetime guarantees for all products and producers must ensure that products are recycled or remanufactured.

TRANSFORMATION RATING

★★☆☆☆



Demski, C., Cherry, C., Verfurth, C. (2022). The road to net zero: UK public preferences for low-carbon lifestyles. CAST Briefing Paper 14.

What works to change behaviour?

- ‘Hard levers’ are effective, but not always possible
- So what other options are available?

AVOID



REDUCED MEAT OPTIONS

Reduced meat options in supermarkets & restaurants

There are fewer meat products available now when shopping for food - restaurants and cafes favour meat free meals.

TRANSFORMATION RATING

★ ★ ★ ☆



SHIFT



ACTIVE TRAVEL

Walking or cycling for everyday journeys

You walk or cycle to get around the local area, to shops, work, or meet friends - you may still own a car, but only use it as little as possible.

TRANSFORMATION RATING

★ ★ ★ ☆



IMPROVE



PRODUCT STANDARDS

Product standard laws are implemented

The choice of products available has changed as new design laws require products to be more durable, repairable, recyclable or compostable.

TRANSFORMATION RATING

★ ★ ☆ ☆



Want to change behaviour? Go EAST





Change the default choice

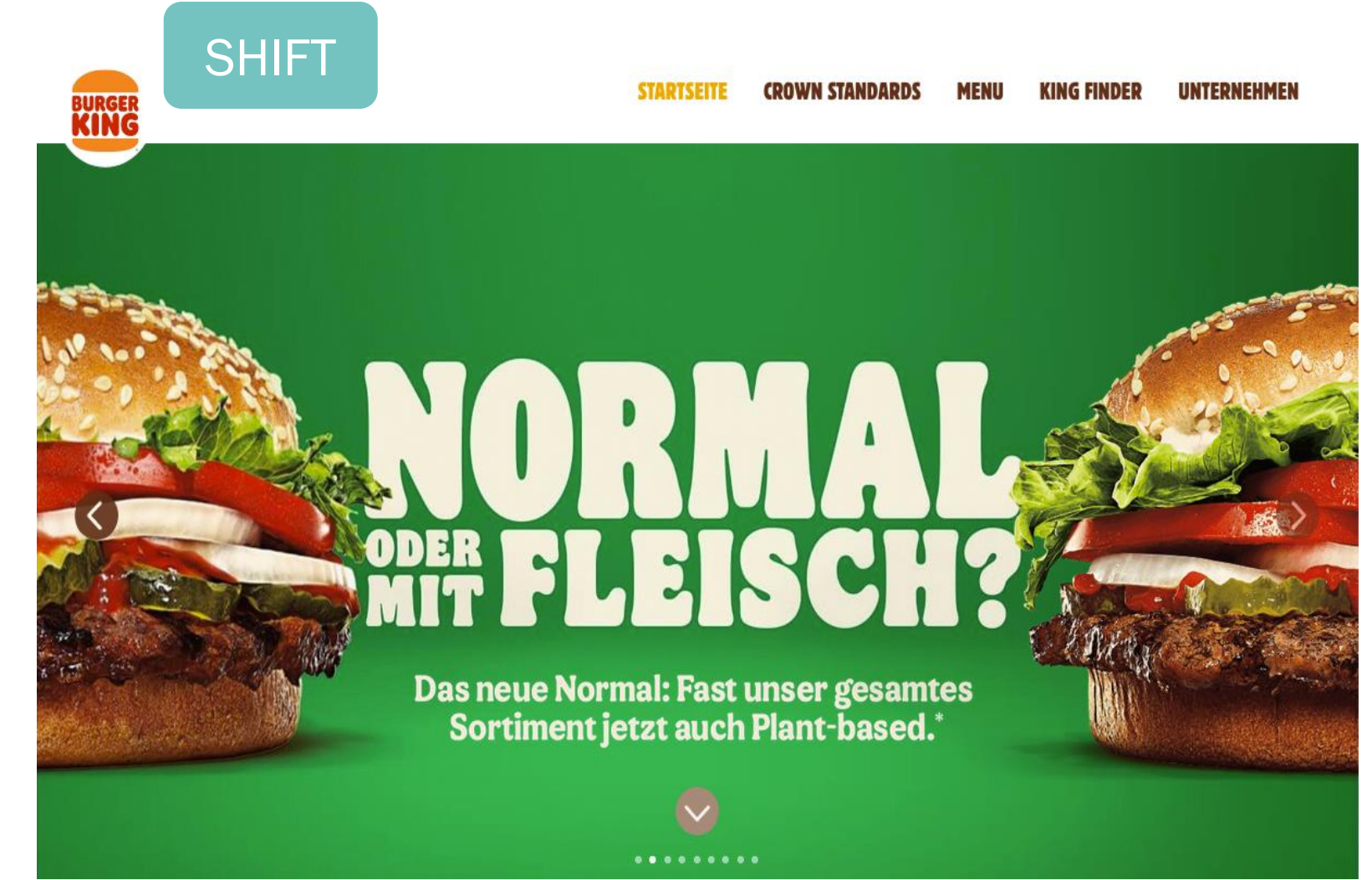
SHIFT



SHIFT



SHIFT





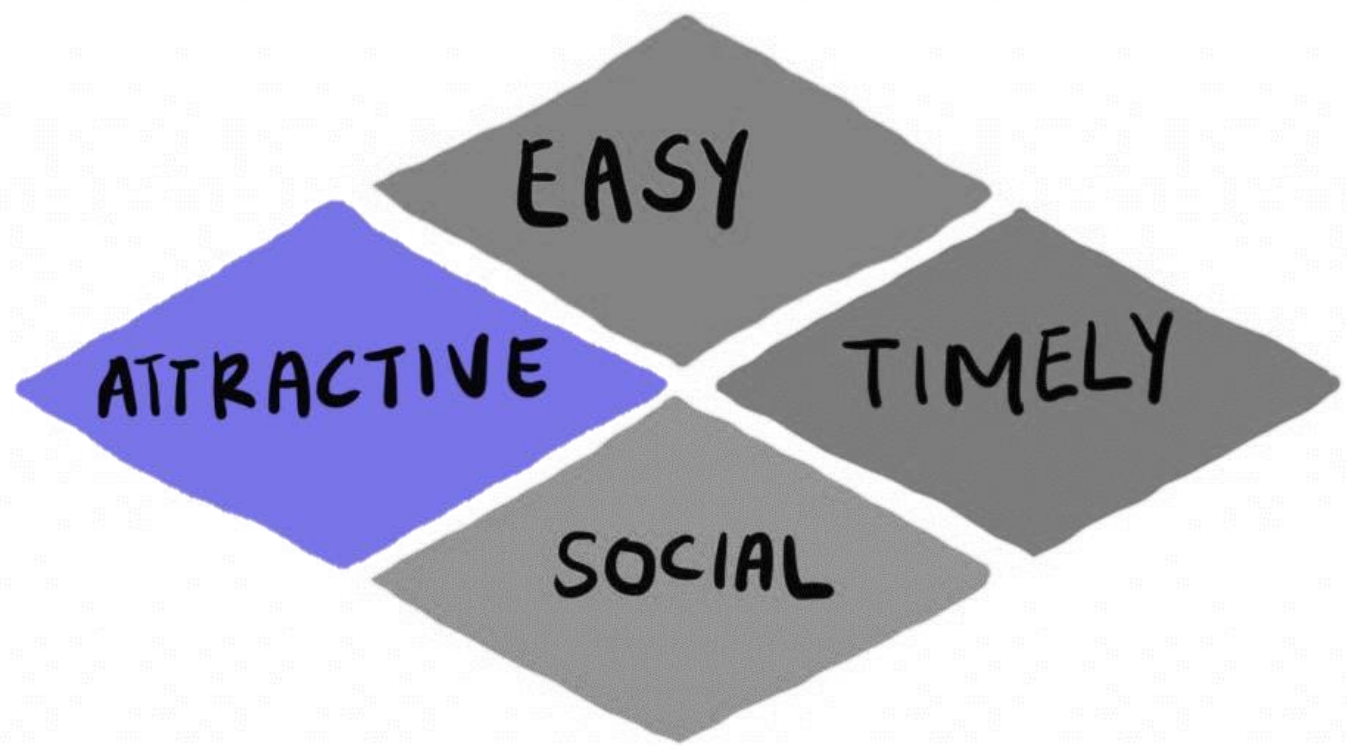
Remove the hassle, make green products clear

SHIFT



SHIFT





AVOID



IMPROVE

£3,500 subsidy

Or

“Free charging for 100k miles”

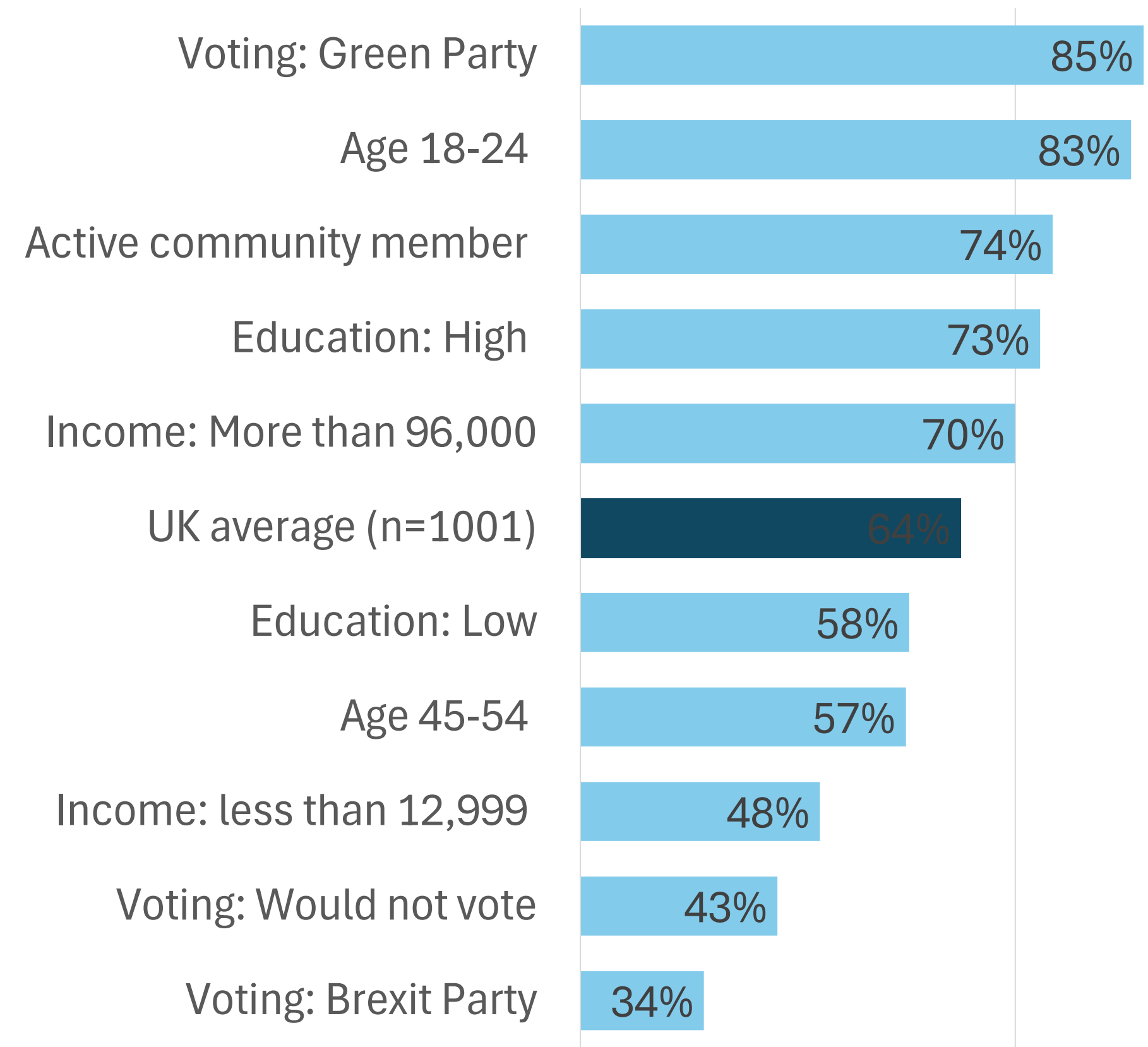




Talk about climate change



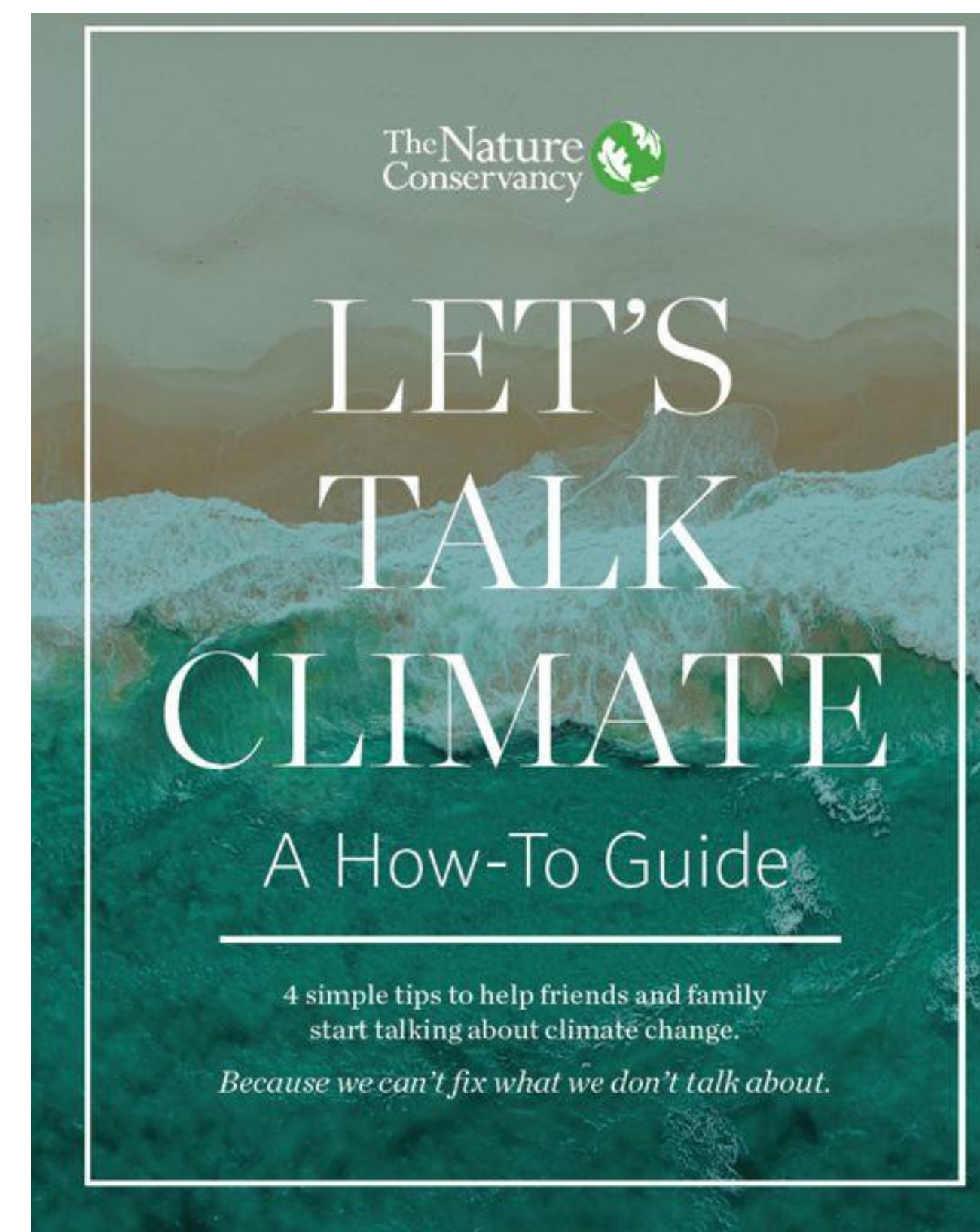
Frequency of Climate Conversations

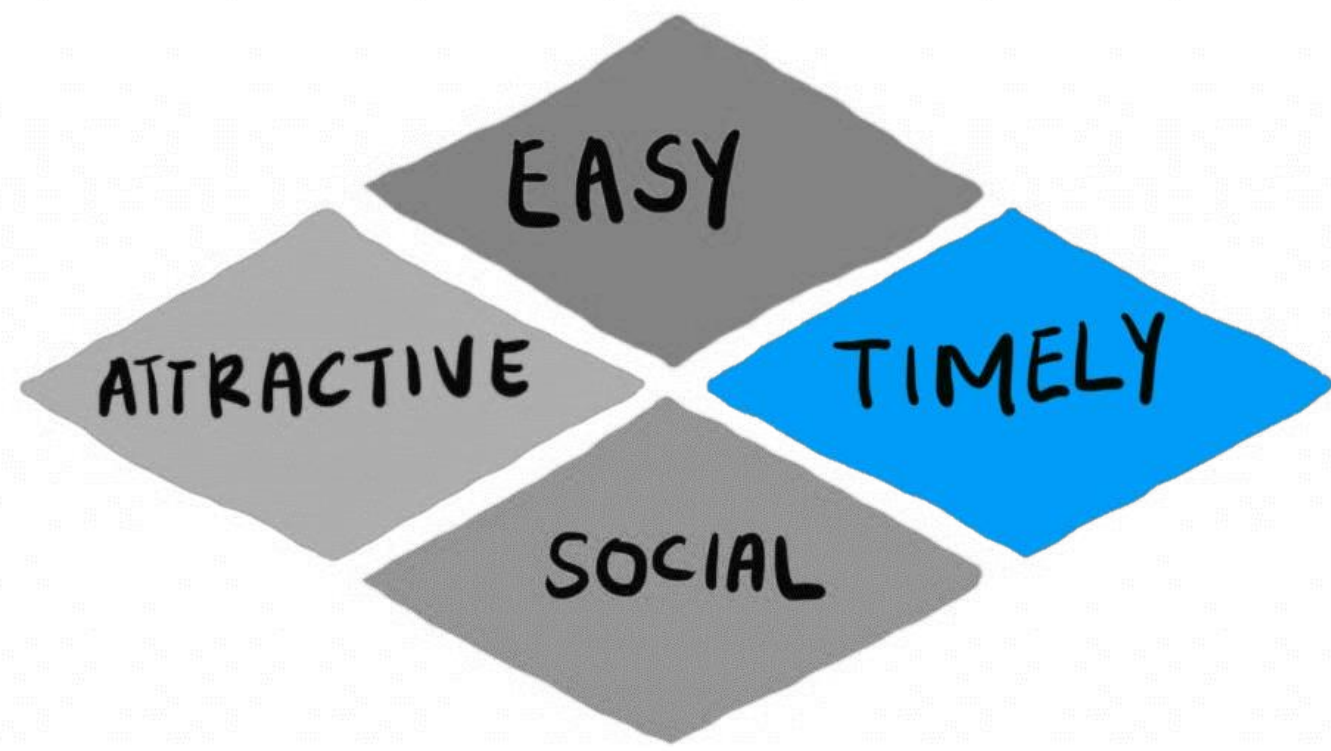




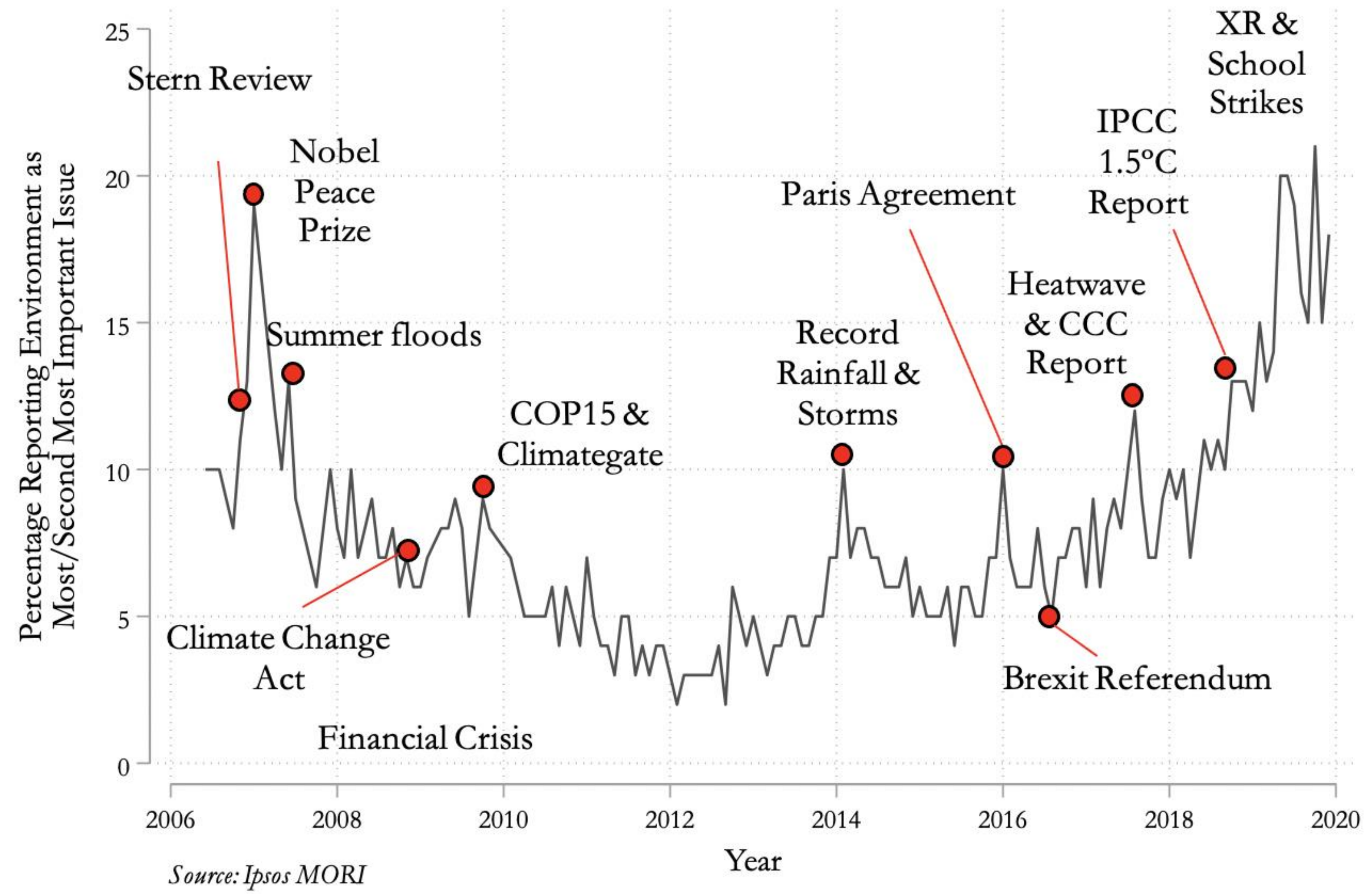
Talk about climate change

1. *Meet people where they are*
2. *Connection outweighs facts*
3. *Start with what is happening*
4. *Conversation not conquest*
5. *Focus on the person in front of you*



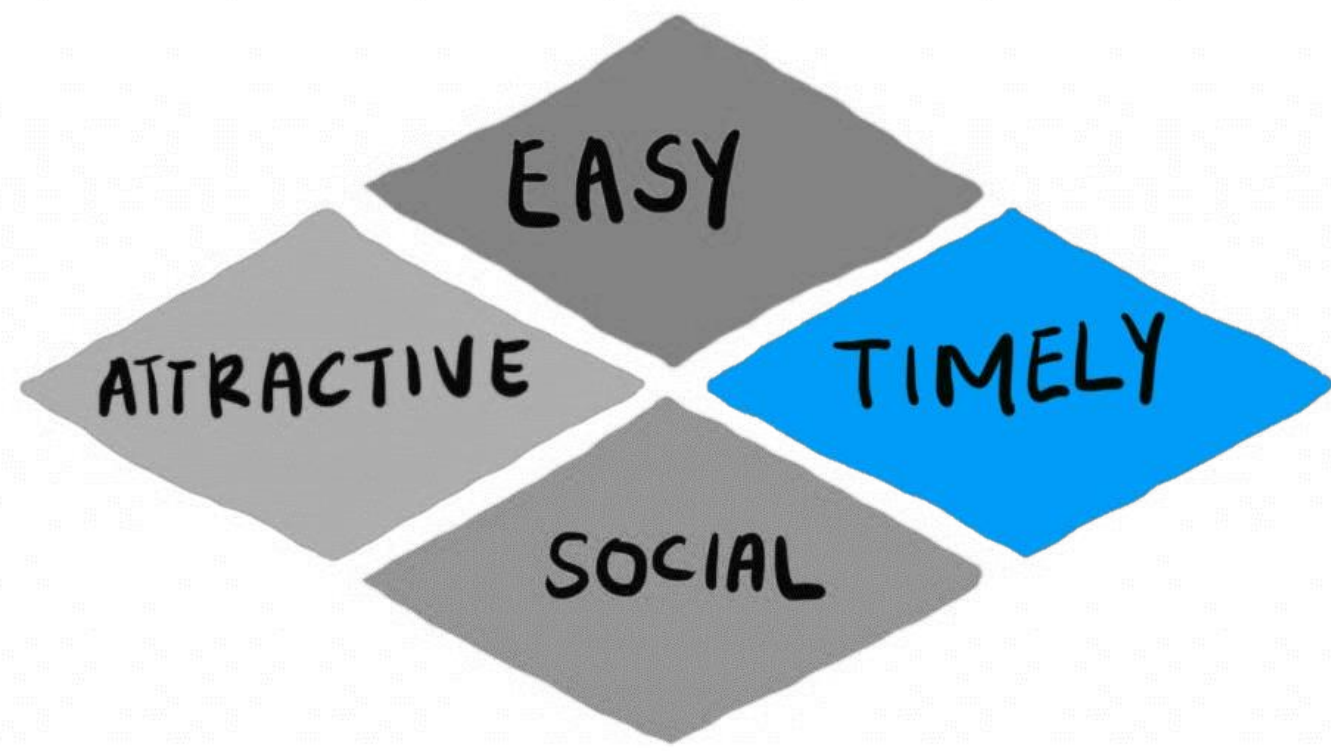


Elite cues and extreme weather drive climate concern



Source: Ipsos MORI

Moments of Change



Conclusion

Changing how we consume and use resources...

1. ...Is **ESSENTIAL** for meeting Paris goals
2. ...Can deliver **HUGE** emissions savings
3. ...Is **SUPPORTED** but **UNDERESTIMATED**
4. ...Is **DOABLE**
5. ...Is **STRONGLY EVIDENCED** by science
6. ...Depends on successful **MARKETING**



4.

How advertising can drive sustainable demand



Veerle Hellemans
Head of Market Intelligence
Var



Two key take-aways



1. Most **sustainable communication campaigns** face a credibility issue.

2. We now know it's a **language** issue, so we can fix it

Credibility of corporate sustainability statements is rather low

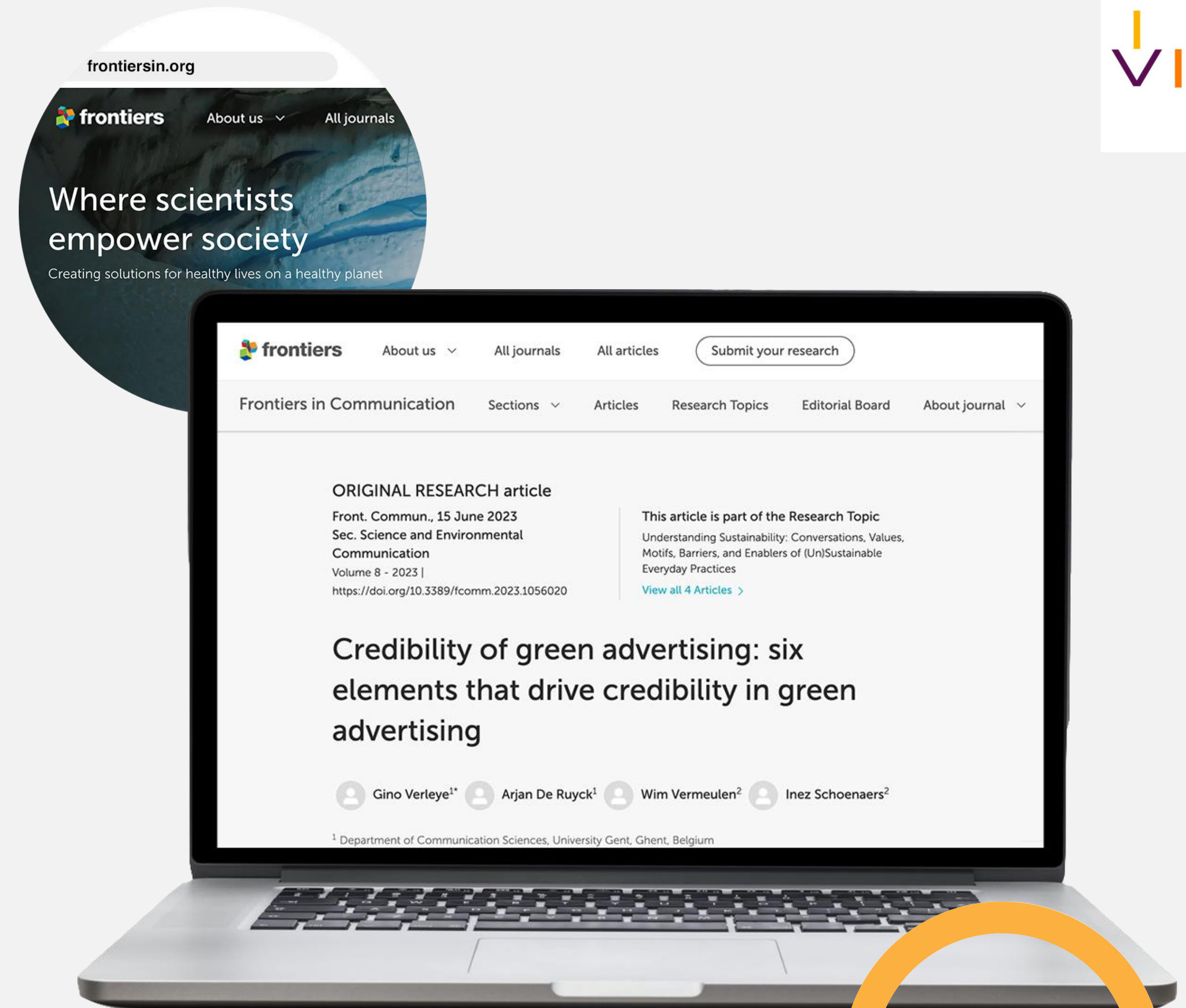


6,4%

finds the statements
companies make regarding
their sustainable efforts
credible

Academic research

1. How **credible** is sustainable advertising?
2. How **important** is credibility for the impact of sustainable advertising?
3. What's **driving** credibility?



This article has **more views** than **90%** of all Frontiers articles.

Sustainable advertising is advertising that promotes a subject that is related to one or more of the 17 SDGs

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS

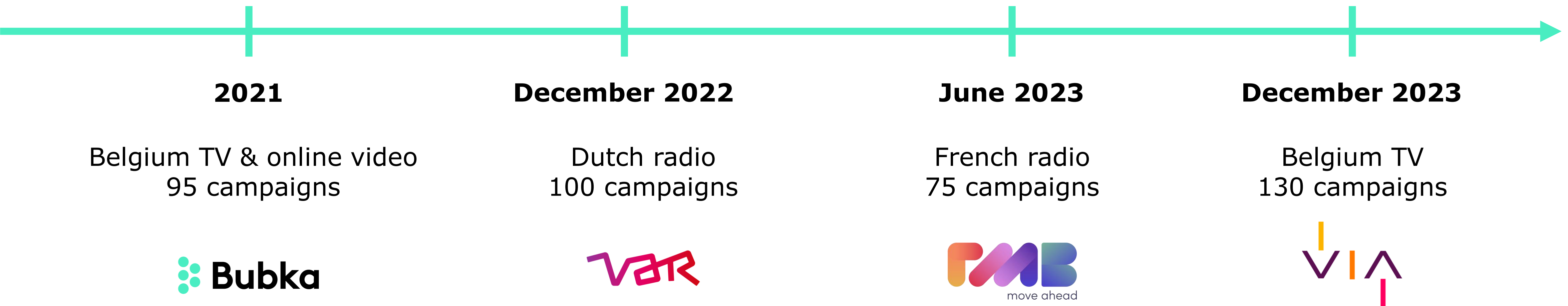


**It is generally
accepted that
commercial
advertising
exaggerates
benefits**



<https://vimeo.com/946936637?share=copy>

Working with broadcasters to confirm initial learnings



1. How credible is sustainable advertising?



9,7%

2021

Belgium TV & online video
95 campaigns

9,7%

December 2022

Dutch radio
100 campaigns

12%

June 2023

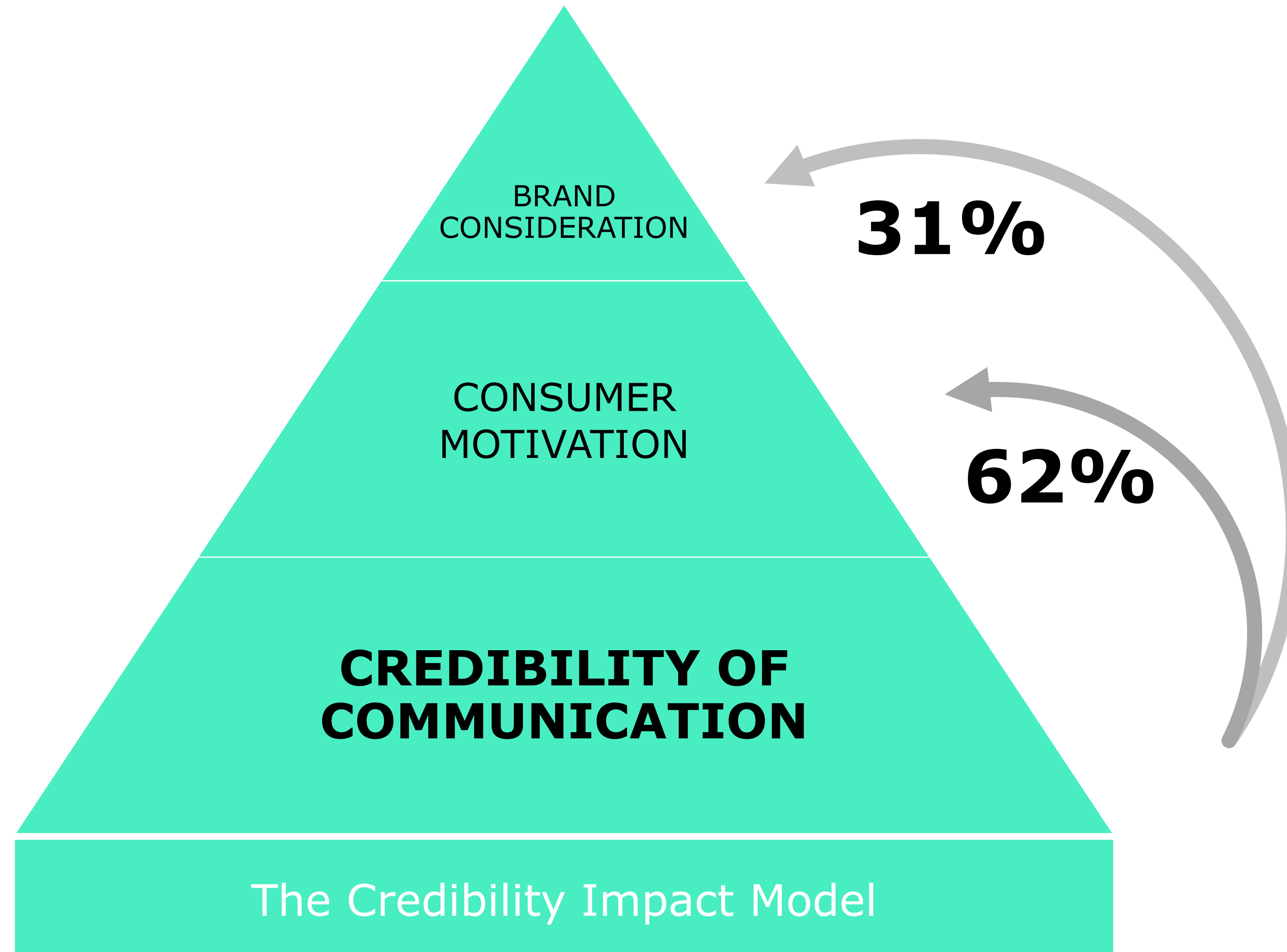
French radio
75 campaigns

11,9%

December 2023

Belgium TV
130 campaigns

2. How important is credibility for impact?



Two key take-aways



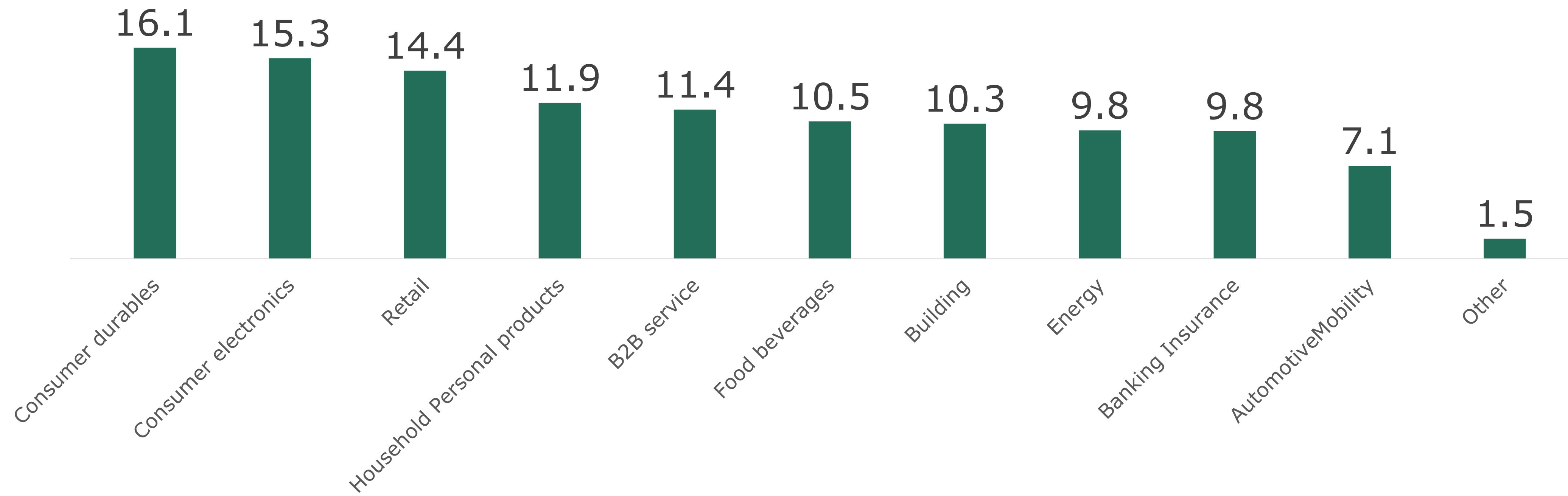
1. Most **sustainable communication campaigns** face a credibility issue.

2. We now know it's a **language** issue, so we can fix it

It's a cross-industry corporate language issue



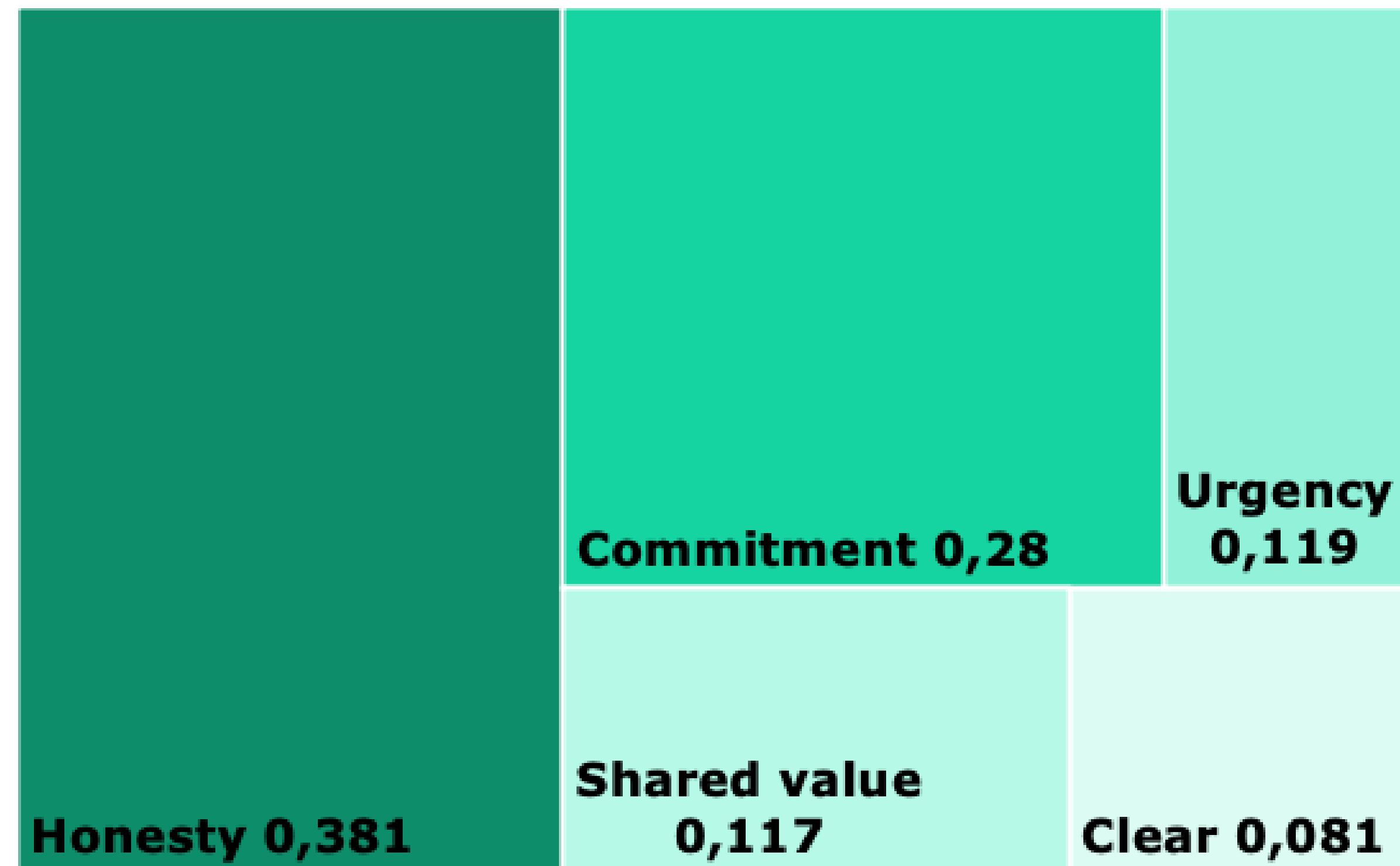
Credibility by industry, N=130 spots
%



3. What is driving credibility?



standardized regression coefficient

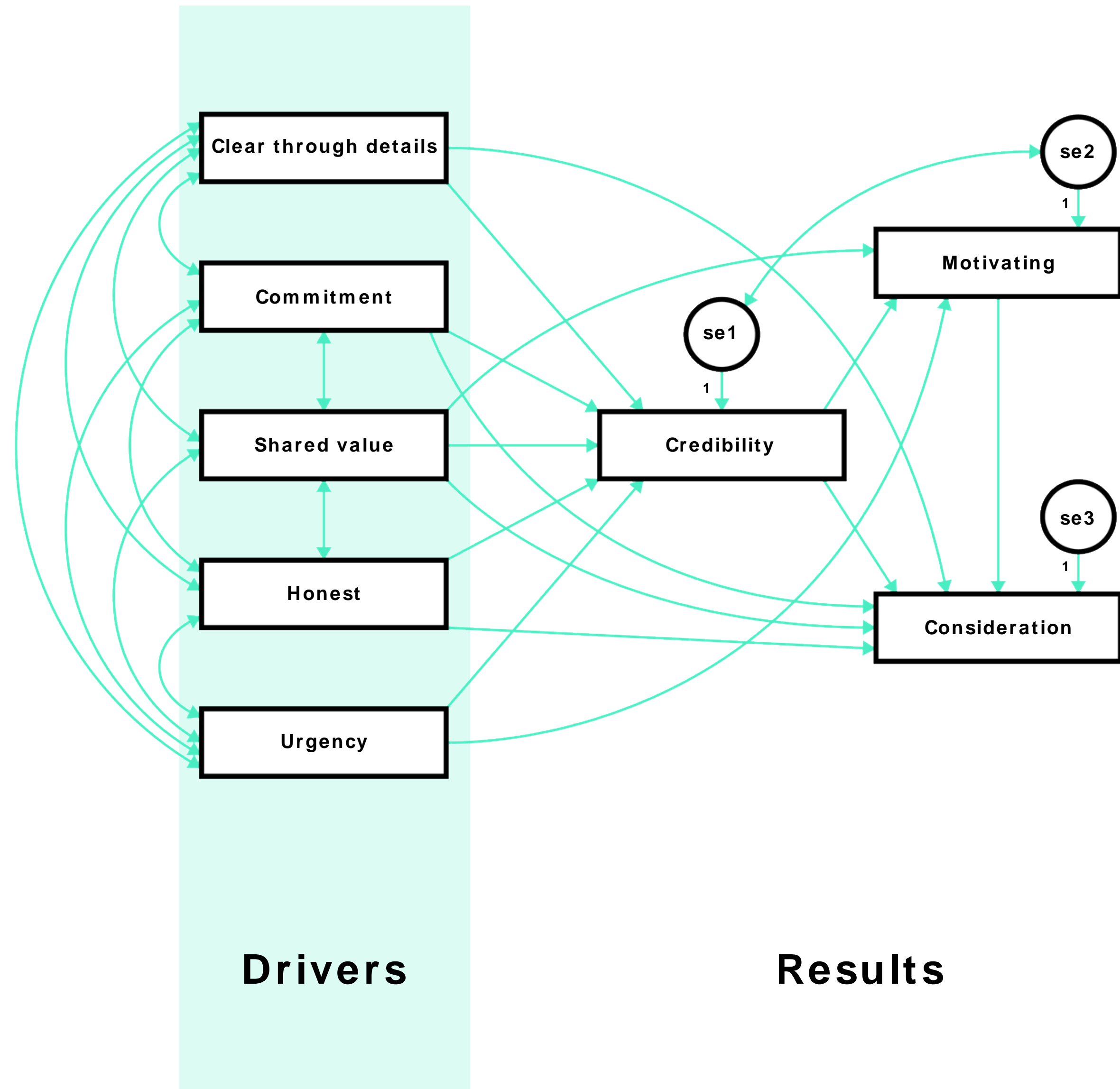


(explains 69% of the variations in scores)

3. What is driving credibility?



5 drivers
all interconnected



Mother nature visiting Apple



<https://youtu.be/QNv9PRDIhes>



Apple Scorecard



3,3%

find this
commercial
credible

3,3%

think Apple is
honest about
their efforts

12,9%

find it reflecting a
committed brand

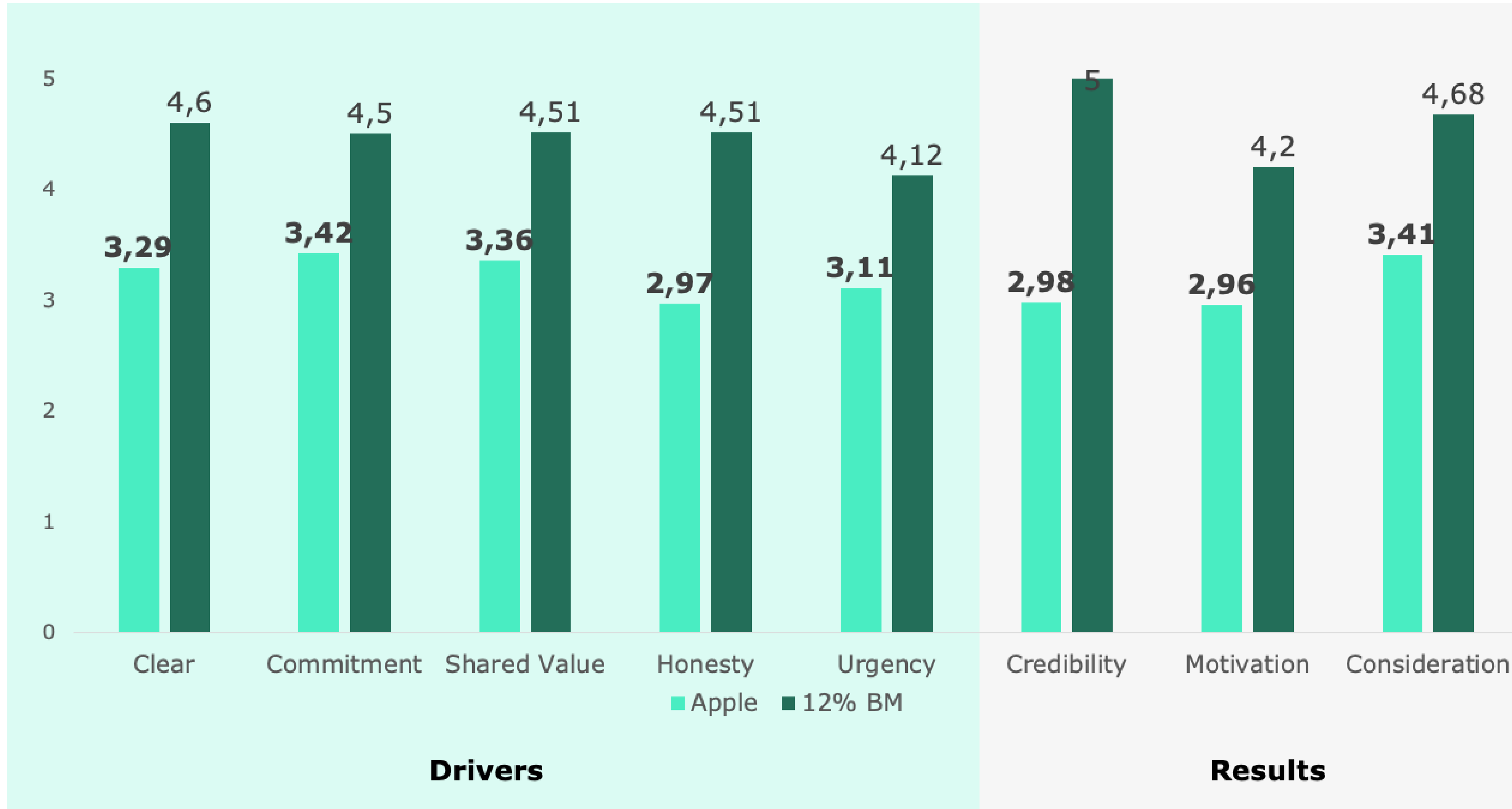
16,7%

find it reflecting
the urgency
needed

10%

find it
valuable

Apple Scorecard



AS ADVENTURE



<https://vimeo.com/946936659?share=copy>

A.S. Adventure Scorecard (based on 1 campaign)



76%
find A.S.
Adventure
credible

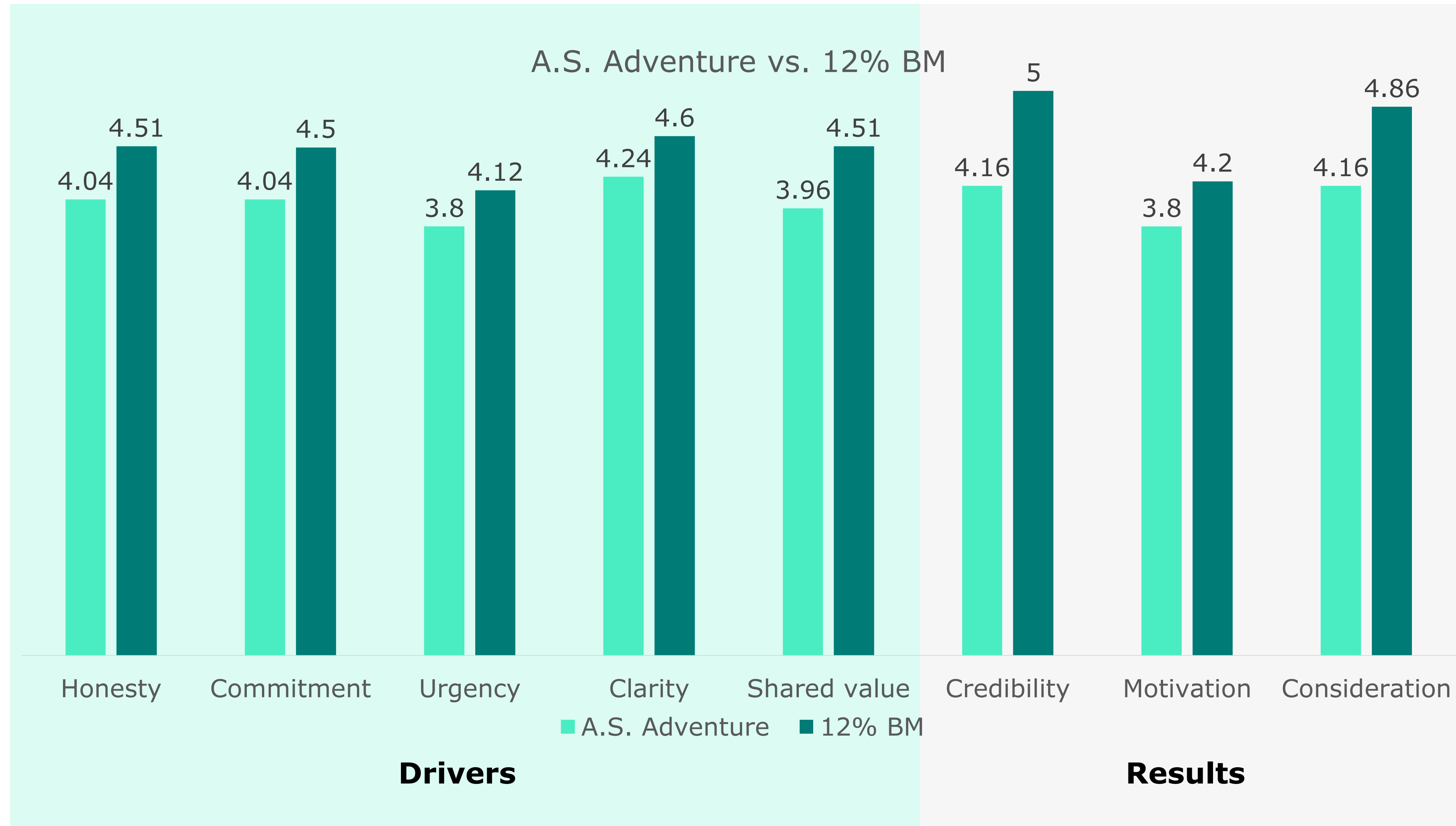
76%
think A.S.
Adventure is
honest about
their efforts

80%
find it reflecting a
committed brand

60%
find it reflecting
the urgency
needed

76%
find it
valuable

A.S. Adventure Scorecard (based on 1 campaign)



**Credibility is a
competitive advantage**

How do you know how your score?



1. Benchmark Reports for Broadcasters



**VIA Webinar
April 18th 2023**

2. Campaign Impact Reports for advertisers



Up to 20/year

3. Campaign Impact Award



**Bimonthly 'best of'
in Pub magazine
OrbitbyPub Conference:
Best of 2024**

Two key take-aways



1. Most **sustainable communication campaigns** face a credibility issue.

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THANK YOU

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